

license was long to be seen (perhaps to this day) in the vestry in Markwell St., where he used to preach. His curious kindred may be glad to learn this fact. Mr. Doolittle died in London, May 24, 1707, aged 77, and was the last of the ejected ministers in London. He was the author of twenty treatises, chiefly of a theological character." See Granger's Biographical Hist. Eng., Vol. 67—8. Rev. Thomas Doolittle was the third son of Anthony Doolittle, a grocer. I have a copy of his Treatise on the Lord's Supper, a small 24 mo. of 178 pages published in London. 1665. It contains a good portrait of the author by R. White.

Two brothers, John and Abraham Doolittle came from England to Boston as early as 1640 and perhaps earlier. John settled at Rumney Marsh, near Chelsea, where he was quite a prominent man, as will be seen from the following extracts from the Reports of the Record Commissioners of Boston. "14th., of 1 mo., 1652-3 att a generall Towne Meeting" there was chosen "for constable at Romly Marsh John Doelittell." See Report No. 2, p. 114.

"The 12th 1 mo., 1654-5, att a meeting this Day upon publique notis from house, was chosen John Dolittle and others to run the line betweene Lyn and Boston and Charlestown and Boston." See Report No. 2, p. 123.

"Mar. 9, 1662-3, att a publick meeting of all ye inhabitants upon lawful warnings from house to house, was chosen for the yeare ensueing John Doolittle surveyor of highway at Rumny Marsh." See Report No. 7, p. 14.

"18 of 1 mo., 1670-1, John Doelittle was chosen constable for Rumny Marsh." See Report No. 7, p. 59.

1674. In Rumny Marsh rate appears the name of John Doolittle. See Report No. 1, p. 59.

"Apr. 1680, John Dolittle was chosen Tythingeman at Rumny Marsh." See Report No. 7, p. 139.

"1681, John Flood for himself and the estate of Jno. Doolittle in Rumny Marsh rates." See Report No. 1, p. 76.

These extracts are introduced for the purpose of illustrat-