

His second wife, Calista Dimick (also spelled by some of the branches of the family Dimmick), was likewise a most estimable woman. She was descended, on both sides, from Puritan blood—her paternal ancestor, Thomas Dimmick, having emigrated to New England in the seventh, or last voyage of the *Mayflower*. Her father, Elias Dimick, of Bennington, Vt., who was an extremely conscientious and devout and godly man, never omitted rising at midnight to commune with his Saviour, and appropriated one-tenth of his income for religious and charitable purposes. Her mother, Lydia Warren Dimick, was also equally religiously minded. Brought up, therefore, amid such pious surroundings, it is not surprising that she was imbued with a noble and generous nature, which endeared her to all those with whom she was associated. On her decease, she was deeply mourned not only by her children but by her many friends who had, by long intimacy, become familiar with her lovely traits of character.

General Justin Dimick, the brother of Joseph Starin's second wife, was an accomplished officer; and his record during the late Civil War was, as above hinted, most creditable. On giving up the command of Fortress Monroe, upon entering the retired list, he turned over his command to his son-in-law, General J. Roberts, at the same time receiving the appointment of the Governorship of the Soldiers' Home at Washington, D. C., a position which he held from February 8, 1864, to April 1, 1868. He died October 13, 1871, at the residence of his son-in-law, Major Parry, in Philadelphia, Pa., and was buried in Woodland Cemetery.