

branches of the same name. Waldingfield was again visited in 1837 by Mr. Nathan Appleton, which led to a correspondence with the Rev. Mr. Creswell, rector of Great Waldingfield; also with Richard Almack, Esq., of Long Melford, an intelligent antiquarian. Some particulars from this correspondence will also be found in the Appendix.

It is a singular fact that on calling on Mr. Creswell, Mr. Appleton was handed the beautiful genealogy in the hand-writing of Mr. Almack, of which a fac simile has been made and inserted in the Appendix, and which had been placed in Mr. Creswell's hands a few days before. It had been prepared by Mr. Almack, in reference to a history of the county of Suffolk, then in the process of preparation by John Gage, Esq. A splendid quarto volume was published in 1838, relating to the Hundred of Thingoe, since which the work has been discontinued. A further attempt at a history of the county of Suffolk has since been made by the Rev. Alfred Suckling, which, after reaching eight numbers, has also been abandoned.

It will be seen that Samuel Appleton was the fourth son of Thomas. His eldest brother, Sir Isaac, resided in the manor house of Holbrook Hall, which remains apparently in the same state as when he occupied it. It is not known how he became possessed of the knightly title of Sir. His christian name was probably derived from his mother, whose maiden name was Mary