

Page 646, lines 20-21, except the grandson of Thomas, who could have, &c., not "except the son of Thomas." I do not mean, that this Roger is proved to have been the father of Gov. Thomas. He does not answer the description given by Dr. Cotton Mather in the *Magnalia*, &c. We have no other account of him.

Page 723. The original portrait from which Mr. Anson G. Phelps' picture was taken, was painted from life, by Waldo & Jewett, and is now in the possession of Mr. Phelps' grandchildren.

### DUDLEY CASTLE.

LELAND, the old antiquary, says "Dudley Castle is hard on the borders of Worcestershire, but the Castle itself standeth in Staffordshire." Twamley, the last historian of the ancient fortress, says the parish of Dudley is an island of Worcestershire, being entirely surrounded by Staffordshire, Sedgley and Rowley lying on either side of it. It is on a high hill which overlooks several counties of England and Wales. The waters from one side flow into the German Ocean, and from the other side into Bristol Channel. It is a barren, rocky ridge of limestone and brambly pasture land.

The Castle was first built by the Norman followers of William the Conqueror, says Mr. Twamley, but Camden relates that Doddo or Dodo, a Mercian Duke, erected a castle here about the year 700. Still another account is that Dudde, Earl of Coventry, Someric and Arden had a son Athelston, who built this castle. Dr. Nash says, the Habingdon MSS. have it that Dodo the famous Saxon raised a strong fortification at Dudley, which remained till the Conquest. *See Nash's Worcestershire.*

Edwin, Earl of Mercia, held the lordship of Dudley before the Conquest. In 1071 he was slain by the Normans and his Dudley estate was given to William Fitz Ausculph or Ansculf. Domesday book says, "the said William holds Dudley and there is his castle." This date was the 14th year of William, A.D. 1080. It is probable that Fitz Ausculph left a daughter, who inherited the Castle and carried it to one of the Paganel. Fulke Paganel held the estate soon after Fitz Ausculph's time, and was succeeded by his son Ralph, who sided with Maud against King Stephen. Ralph Paganel had six sons, the eldest of whom was Gervase,