

Catharine van Deusen, wife of Isaac Wheeler, was the daughter of Isaac van Deusen, III., later called Isaac I. van Deusen, and Christina Spoor, granddaughter of Isaac van Deusen, Junior, or II., and Katharine Spoor, (daughter of Jacob Spoor, and granddaughter of Captain John Spoor, of the Revolutionary Army,) and great granddaughter of Isaac van Deusen, I., of van Deusen Manor, Great Barrington.

John C. van Deusen was the son of Conrad van Deusen, of the "Stone House," and Rachel Hollenbeck, and grandson of Isaac van Deusen, I., of van Deusen Manor, and Fische Burghardt, daughter of Coonrod Hendrickse Burghardt and Gesie Hendrickse van Wie, (daughter of Hendrick Gerritse van Wie,) and granddaughter of Hendrick Coenraedtse Burghardt and Marya Janse Franse van Hoesen, daughter of Jan Franse van Hoesen and Volkje Jurriaanse.

Isaac van Deusen, I., of van Deusen Manor, was the son of Abraham van Deusen, of Albany, and Kingston, and Jacomyntje van Schoonhoven, (daughter of Guert Hendrickse van Schoonhoven and Maritie Cornelise,) grandson of Mattheus Abrahamsen van Deursen, of Albany, and Helena ———, and great grandson of Abraham van Deursen, of Deursen, North Brabant, Netherlands, and ——— van der Linde, sister of the Reverend Harmanus Antonides van der Linde, of Naerden.

**Coonrod Burghardt** was a prominent citizen of Kinderhook, Columbia County, New York, and extensively engaged in the fur trade with the Indians along the New England Path. In the spring of 1717 he and Elias van Schaick applied to the governor, for a license to purchase four thousand acres of land, near Kinderhook. The land was laid out in the fall of the same year by a Government surveyor, but was immediately claimed by Henry van Rensselaer, of Claverack Manor, on the strength of an alleged prior patent, and this led to a controversy, which continued many years, and finally resulted unfavorably for Burghardt and van Schaick. However, it was probably in consequence of this that Burghardt connected himself with the interests of the settlers in the Housatonic Valley, which alliance proved of great benefit to himself and his descendants. As he was familiar with the Indians, their language and customs, and fitted by natural qualities, he was employed by the Settling Committee of the Housatonic Colony, to purchase from them the land in the southwestern part of