

to George Cambray, his true and lawful son. This George, who was assessed at £3 in the subsidies of James I, was married in Great Rissington Church in 1590, and from him the male line can be traced to the present day.

About the year 1755 a portion of the Icombe estate, which had been previously divided, was purchased by the Cambrays of Great Rissington who, while retaining property at the latter place, occupied Icombe Place as tenants for some 70 years till the death of a John Cambray in 1829. Icombe Place, which is a beautiful old house, built, or perhaps rebuilt, by a Sir John Blacket in the fifteenth century,<sup>1</sup> was subsequently bought by Leonard Hambidge (whose mother Elizabeth was a daughter of Robert and niece of John Cambray above-mentioned), who succumbed to the bad times, and was forced to sell it to Dr. Hayward, of Stow, who left it to the son of Mr. Simpson, the present occupier.

We accordingly commence the pedigree of this family of Cambray with—

1. **John Cambray**, of Great Rissington; will dated 9 Jan. 1587, proved P.C.C. 13 Feb. 1588; bur. at Great Rissington, 8 Feb. 1587, p. r., had issue—
  - i. *George Cambray*, of whom next (2).
  - ii. *Richard Cambray*.
  - iii. *Thomas Cambray*.
  - iv. *Johan*, d. at Great Rissington, 1594, buried there, p. r. Will dated 15 March 1594, proved at Gloucester.
  - v. *Susan*, mar. at Great Rissington, 1589, *Arthur Wickens*, p. r.
  - vi. *Robert Cambray*, bap. at Great Rissington, 14 Feb. 1573, p. r.

<sup>1</sup> For an interesting illustrated paper on this fine old building, by the Rev. D. Royce, see *Transactions of the Bristol and Gloucestershire Archaeological Society*, vol. vii, p. 172.