

had derived it from his father-in-law, Mr. Henry Bartholomew, and now comprises the well known Hosmer, or Briggs, estate, the Richardson estate, and the Newhall and Townsend estates, lying between Boardman Street on the north and Forrester Street on the south and bounding west on Pleasant Street.

Mr. Willoughby was a representative to the General Court in 1713. His name disappears from the records, and he may have removed to England to get possession of a house and land there, appraised at four hundred pounds, which he claimed "as eldest son and heir and not to be brought into Division" with his father's estate. This property was bequeathed to Nehemiah by his brother William, who, in his will of 1 Sept., 1677, speaks of it as left him by his uncle William Willoughby.

The births of the following named children have been found entered on the Salem records :—

60 William, b. 25 July, 1706.

61 Bethia, b. 19 March, 1708-9; d. 11 July, 1709.

62 Bethia, b. 1 Oct., 1712.

**34 Samuel** (*Bartholomew<sup>6</sup> John<sup>1</sup>*) born in Salem 2 November, 1675, m. 2 May, 1701, Mary Gookin of Cambridge, born 26 Aug., 1679, whose father, Mr. Samuel Gookin, was Sheriff of Middlesex Co., and her grandfather, Major General Daniel Gookin, was one of the most distinguished men in the early history of the colony of Massachusetts Bay.

Mr. Gedney was a chyrurgeon and physician and lived in his father's homestead, at the northern corner of High and Summer Streets, which his widow, Mrs. Mary Gedney, sold to her brother-in-law, Mr. Francis Willoughby, 10 June, 1710. He evidently died without leaving issue, and his widow was married, 16 Aug., 1711, to the Rev. Theophilus Cotton, of Hampton Falls.