

to Ivo de Taylbois, brother of Falk, Earl of Anjou, who also had lands and titles in the "Merry Isle."

Among the titles and possessions of the Earl of Anjou, (Angiers) was that of Baron Kendal. By Lucie, Ivo had a son Chetellus, and his son Gilbert, noted by some as 4th Baron Kendal, had two sons. [The eldest son, William Baron Kendal, called himself William de Lancaster, in the Parliament of King Henry II. and bore in consequence, the same armorial bearings which Alger, and his predecessors had done.

He married Gunreda, daughter of William, the second Earl of Warrick, by whom he had issue, a son, William Baron de Kendal, and Avicia a daughter, who married Richard de Mareville.

William de Lancaster 1st, was succeeded by William de Lancaster 2d, who was Steward to King Henry the II. He married Helewise de Stuteville: and his only daughter, and ultimate heiress, Helewise de Lancaster, was given in marriage to Gilbert, son and heir of Roger Fitz Reinfridi, one of the Justices of the King's Bench.

Gilbert obtained a grant of the Manour of Lancaster for life, from King John, and filled the office of Sheriff of Lancaster ten years.]

Returning now to the second son of Gilbert Baron Kendal; Warin de Lancaster, and brother of William de Lancaster 1st, we find that Warin had a son Henry, who took the name of Lea, and was called Henry de Lea, in the 18th year of King John's reign, 1212 A. D. Henry had a son named John, who was Lord of Lea-Hall, 1243 A. D. in the 27th year of King Henry II.

The son of the Lord of Lea-Hall, was Henry de Lea, who was Sheriff of Lancaster, in 1274 the 2d year of the reign of Edward I. He died in 1278-9, in the 17th year of the same reign. His son William Lea, married Clemence, or Clemens, daughter of Robert Banastre, or Bannister, Baron Newton. Their daughter, Sybil Lea, (her brother died without issue), married ———, A. D. Adam de Houghton, to whom she