

Note 4, p. 11.

Richard,
3rd Lord
Scrope of
Bolton.

Sir Richard, Lord Scrope of Bolton, came of age on the Feast of St. Petronilla the Virgin, 31st May, 1414, so on St. Crispin's Day, October 25th, 1415, the date of the battle of Agincourt, he was in his twenty-third year.

James Metcalfe of Worton in Wensleydale, born 1389, "a Captain in France at the Battle of Agincourt" (see the Heralds' Visitations), was only a few years older, twenty-six years of age, at the time of the battle. He bought the demesne of Nappa, near Bolton Castle in Wensleydale, of his companion in arms, Richard, Lord Scrope, on their return from France about 1416.

Richard, Lord Scrope, died during the siege of Rouen in 1420-1, aged twenty-seven. By his wife, Margaret Neville, daughter of Ralph, first Earl of Westmoreland, Lord of Raby and of Middleham, he left two sons—Henry, three years old at his father's death (1420), who succeeded him as fourth Lord Scrope of Bolton, and Richard, in after life Bishop of Carlisle.

At the so-called "thorough restoration," or, more correctly speaking, thorough and senseless destruction, of old Aysgarth Church in the year 1864, two shields of arms in glass, one commemorating Richard, Lord Scrope of Bolton, and the other, it is supposed, James Metcalfe of Nappa, which had been side by side in the east window from beyond memory, were cast out by the vicar and his architect as worthless! (1) Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Azure, a bend, or, SCROPE*; 2 and 3, *Argent, a saltier engrailed gules, TIPFOT* of Langar, Baron; impaling, *Gules, a saltier argent*, for NEVILLE, Earl of Westmoreland. (2) *Argent, three calves passant sable, METCALFE* of Nappa. These shields, rescued from destruction in 1864, have lately been placed together again in a window in the Scrope chapel at Ulshaw Bridge, near Danby Hall.

Note 5, p. 11.

Battle of
Agincourt.

Sir Thomas Erpingham, a knight grown gray with age, having drawn up the English in battle array, the archers in front and the men-at-arms behind, rode along the ranks exhorting all to fight hardily, and when all was ready he threw his baton up into the air, exclaiming "Nestrocque!" ("Now strike!"), and then dismounted, as the King and the others had done. When the English saw Sir Thomas throw up his baton they gave a loud shout and set on, advancing slowly in order of battle, shouting the while. The archers, hidden in a meadow