

Of the children of Bishop John Inglis, none were married but Elizabeth, and Sir John Eardley Wilmot. Elizabeth was married to Lieutenant Francis Henry Kilvington, of the 2nd Staffordshire Foot, who died in 1855. His commissions were, Ensign, July 20, 1838; Lieutenant, January 8, 1841; Captain of the 62nd (Wiltshire) Foot, March 12, 1848. Captain and Mrs. Kilvington left one son, who is living. Captain Thomas Inglis, who is still living, was appointed 2nd Lieut. in the Rifle Brigade, June 14, 1839; Lieut., April 14, 1843; Captain, December 29, 1848.

SIR JOHN EARDLEY WILMOT INGLIS. Of the children of Bishop John and Elizabeth (Cochran) Inglis, and indeed of Nova Scotians of his generation, Sir John Eardley Wilmot Inglis is by far the most distinguished. He entered the army as Ensign in the 32nd Foot, (now Cornwall Light Infantry), August 2, 1833, and his successive promotions were as follows: Lieutenant 1839, Captain 1843, Major 1848, Brevet Lieut-Col. 1849, Regimental Lieut-Col. February 20, 1855, Brevet Col. June 5, 1855. He served in Canada from 1836 to 1838, and in the Punjaub Campaigns in 1848, '49. He was in command of the 32nd at Lucknow at the outbreak of the Indian Mutiny in 1857, and succeeded Sir Henry Lawrence in full command, as Brigadier General, in July 1857. For his successful defence of the Residency of Lucknow in 1857, he was appointed Major General, and honoured with the title of K. C. B. In boyhood he had studied at King's College, Nova Scotia, having been admitted there in 1831, and that college conferred on him in 1858 the Degree of D. C. L. After his defence of Lucknow the Legislature of Nova Scotia presented him with a sword of honour, the