

troops, which are in motion at present, cannot reach their destined ports in time for the immediate commencement of hostilities. This makes us hope much for the success of the negotiations.

BOLOGNA, Nov. 1.
The French advance towards Peronne. The king of Naples is arming his frontiers. Tufany, since the arrival of the French, has enjoyed the most perfect tranquillity. Many of the Florentine nobles had fled to Arezzo, which has been neither burnt nor destroyed as a report stated. The humanity of the conquerors would not suffer them to injure the place, although it well deserved their vengeance.

BOLOGNA, November 10.
According to the accounts of persons lately arrived in this city from Naples, it appears, that fresh troubles have broken out in that capital. It is continually a theatre of murder and pillage. There is no safety which will be made by the fugitives themselves up, confident of impunity, as they pretend to free the cause of the king, of whom they professed themselves the warmest friends. This month will not long be able to remain at Naples. He has but few troops there. Almost all the troops of the line are at Rome, or in the Abruzzes, and several corps have been sent into the meridional provinces of the kingdom. The most important disaffections which have taken place there.

MILAN, Nov. 2.
The Turks, who had fled into the city, are hastening to return to their country. Tufany is the subject of general conversation at present. Much is said respecting an expedition against Naples, which the French treasury orders will be undertaken. The greatest French exertions with respect to the operations of the Army and the correspondence of the Generals.

BOURDEAUX, Nov. 18.
The Parisian Journalists have been some days endeavouring to find out, where Lucien Buonaparte is gone. One feeds him to Germany, another to Italy, a third gives him a rendezvous at Russia, a fourth to England, and now they know not where he is gone. The journalists are not the only persons whom this journey has caused to make false conjectures. For the matter is yet a puzzle to us.

The interruption of all communication with Spain, on account of the epidemic, which has ravaged several parts of that country, prevents the Americans supplying us with wine, and the wine which we produce. This interruption has consequently considerably raised the prices of those articles, but it will soon cease, as we have certain accounts of the epidemic being considerably on the decline.

ROME, October 12.
Cardinal Ruffo is organizing a new key in mass. The Neapolitan troops entered at Africari, in full force. The commander of this place, of which the following are the principal articles in his balance.

LEGHORN, October 16.
General Clement, this day entered our city at the head of his column, amidst the acclamation of the people. Our constituted authorities preceded him at his entrance. A convention was signed between that general and our authorities, by which the commander of this place, of which the following are the principal articles in his balance.

The Imperial forces and the Tuscan troops had been permitted to march out of the city to rejoin their corps, with their arms and baggage.

The Independent-ne of the Tuscan government had been respected and shall suffer no change.

Mr Windham, apprized of the designs of the French, instantly dispatched a courier from Florence to the Secretary of the English legation, with an order to direct the merchants of that nation, resident in the city, to betake themselves and their effects to a place of safety. The English partners had all fled to the island of Elba. They likewise sent an accord of waggons, containing 25 thousand flint of arms to the city, to betake themselves and their effects to a place of safety. The English partners had all fled to the island of Elba. They likewise sent an accord of waggons, containing 25 thousand flint of arms to the city, to betake themselves and their effects to a place of safety.

The fall news from Malta, states that the English have invited the Grand Master of the Order to his former residence, and that they have appointed in his place pro-tem the Barle de Belmonte, who, on account of his great age, did not leave the island.

LEGHORN, 24th October.
The French have not removed any of the officers or the agents of the Grand Duke. They have even permitted him to retain on foot, his troops of the line and two volunteer corps which were raised previous to the entrance of the French troops. The only troops, that have been disbanded, are those which were put on duty by the Austrian commandant.

Victims have no difficulty nor hindrance in getting out of port. But the English luggage, which blockades it, will not permit, and captures all Ligurian vessels bound for Genoa.

RICHARD E. LEE'S Letter to the Governor of Virginia, referred to in the Governor's Address to the General Assembly.

WITHOUT any apology for my not being perfectly known to you, I take the liberty of addressing to you a short extract of the commonwealth of Virginia, on a subject in my judgment highly interesting to the liberty and happiness of my fellow citizens.

It was my lot in the spring of last year, captain Truxton, of the Constellation frigate, sent to doctor J. K. Read, one of the aldermen of the borough of Norfolk, a man who my friend acknowledged himself to be the author of the late Heroinne frigate; the man was committed to jail, subject to the order of the British consul, by him taken out, sent to Jamaica, and there executed.

This information is from doctor Read himself, in the presence of Seth Puffer, John Nisvin, Oway Byrd, doctor Baurard, the British consul, and several others; for on being asked by captain Truxton on Sunday last, what had become of the man who was sent as one of the mutineers on board the Heroinne frigate, he replied that he had delivered him to the British consul. Mr Hamilton then inquired, where that man was sent, and he was answered that he was hanged. Although this confidant was made in the presence of french Federalists and men of order, yet the principle was alarming, and was not without its effects. As for me, I heard of it I applied to the jailor; the result of my inquiry is, that there was fact a person committed by doctor Read, subject to the order of the British consul, that he was taken out and put to death by the British consul. As for me, I heard a British vessel; but what his fate was he knows not. The mutinist he says is either left or midail. The jailor also informed me, that previous to this, an order was committed by doctor Read, for the same offence; but that he died in jail before there was an opportunity of sending him away; a copy of that message I herewith send you.

The British consul, who was the author of this fort, and shall only observe, that if men clothed with authority, can be made instruments of oppression to gratify the views of a few individuals, we may be liable to the liberty and happiness of our country and every thing dear and valuable to us in life. From a conviction in my mind, that doctor Read's conduct has been improper, I have thought it incumbent on me to give you this information. I am very respectfully, Sir, Your obedient servant,

RICHARD E. LEE.
James Monroe, Esq.,
Governor of Virginia.

Thomas Carpenter, TAYLOR.

GRATEFULLY acknowledges the numerous favours conferred on him, and informs his friends and the general public, that in partnership with CHARLES WARD, likewise from Philadelphia, on Capital Hill, opposite Mr. BOLLING'S, he has, as well as in Pennsylvania, some, where, as well as in Georgia, Town, from their long and extensive experience in Military, Naval and Land duties, Ladies taking notice, they may find, having procured the best of workmen and materials, the utmost taste and punctuality might be expected.

Two apprentices wanted.
Washington, Dec. 22.

RAN AWAY.
FROM the Subscriber on the 20th Inst. Negro FIDELIO, well known about the City. It is thought he is lurking about York, where he has a wife. I will give a generous reward for having him put up to Jail, and the Debt for buying him and bringing him home. All persons are also forbidden from creating any party on my Account, under the name of my name, and also from harboring any Negro, or permitting them to cross the Ferry those a line from.

JAMES R. DERMOTT.
St. Elizabeth, Dec. 15, 1800.

This Day is Published.

TO be Sold at the Office of the National Intelligencer, and at Rapine Conrad and Co. Book-Store—price 25 Cents.—All the Papers which were called previous to the entrance of the French troops, and by the Editor of the Times, Alexandria.

CONSIDERATIONS,
on the
CONSEQUENCES
of the
TERRITORY OF COLUMBIA.

as they recently appeared in the National Intelligencer under the Signature of Epaminondas.

January 5, 1800.

FOR SALE.
By the Subscriber, near the County wharf, ANCKER MILL Bones, of different kinds lately from Amsterdam, German, London, Biber and Crowley Mills; sugar in hogheads and barrels; coffee, hair and red iron; callings; plates and tin complete sets; salt, of different kinds; beef and pork, of fair quality; all kinds of fine and coarse lard; oil, turpentine and indigo; clover hay.

JESSE HOLLINGSWORTH.
Baltimore, January 1, 1801.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED

RAPINE, CONRAD & Co.
At the Washington Book-Store,
Corner of South B Street & New-Jersey Avenue, near the Capitol.

THE WASHINGTON DIRECTORY, for the year 1801.

CONTAINING, an Almanac—a bill to establish an uniform System of Bankruptcy throughout the United States—Abstract of the revenue law, list of duties, tonnage, drawbacks and bounties, custom house fees, an act to amend a general bankruptcy law, with a list of stamp duties, an act to value property, an act to direct Tax, &c.—Offices of the revenue government of the U. S.—List of congress, a separate list of Tax, Treasury, War, Navy and Judiciary, with an account of what is important to each—List of officers, with titles of Secretary and closing the Males at Baltimore—Ministers, Courts, &c. &c.—of the U. S.—Government of the State of Maryland, with 10 of the general Assembly. In account of the corporation of the city of Baltimore, with a list of officers, a list of companies, Act, duties, and a variety of other useful matter—Printed originally bound in the form of a Pocket-Book, 25 Cents.

Speed the Plough, a comedy in five acts, as performed at the late royal court garden and now performing with universal applause, at the new theatre Philadelphia, by Thomas Merion, Esq. author of "a cure for the Heart Ache. Way to get Married" &c. &c.—price 25 Cents.

An insipid and ungrateful coarseness between the parties known by the names of the FEDERALISTS, and REPUBLICANS, concerning the subject of the reduction of the divisions; and of some of the federative or auxiliary causes which have been instrumental in managing the people, by the means of the militia. In a series of letters from a Pariah in the American revolution to a Juno in the same, by the author of "The Rights of Man." R. C. & Co. Have just received a general assortment of Books in every department of literature, which they will dispense on the very lowest terms.
Jan. 7, 1801.

Notice is hereby given.

TO the creditors of John Dixon, that if general meeting of his creditors is appointed to be held on the 12th day of February next, at the house of George O'Hara in keeper in Morris-Town, in the county of Morris, and state of New-Jersey, at 10 o'clock, forenoon, in order to examine and ascertain the debts due to each creditor, and notice is also given to the creditor aforesaid, that a dividend of the said Dixon's property will be made on the 9th day of July next, at George O'Hara's residence at 10 o'clock, forenoon.

WILLIAM CARROLL, Assignee.
Morris-Town, Dec. 27, 1800.

FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will sell at private sale, two Three story Brick Houses, standing each, 25 feet front each, by forty feet deep, on Capital Hill, Lot No. 6, 24, 25 &c.—a fine commodious lot front, by 25 feet deep, running back to an alley 30 feet wide, and may be occupied as one or two tenements, they are finished in plan, but substantial manner, and built on a high and sound ground, and built in one month, on giving approved notes, negotiable at the bank of Columbia, or Baltimore apply to the Subscriber, or in Baltimore to

HENRY H. CARROLL.
Washington, Jan. 5, 1801.

TO RENT.

A Commodious Two story Brick dwelling house, with all every necessary out house, and very convenient for a small family—may be viewed on Monday, by the renter, make known the premises below, or apply to

BENJAMIN MORE.
Washington, New Jersey Avenue,
December 17, 1800.

In Chancery, December 29, 1800.

WALTER W. H. RWOOD, an Insolvent of Prince George County, makes application as a trustee, in settling his estate, by petition, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of Sundry Insolvent debtors. There is returned against the petitioner a writ of Habeas Corpus, by the Creditors on Oath, as by the said act is required. The Chancellor is satisfied by competent testimony, that he is at this time, and was, at the time of passing that act, a citizen of this State, and of the United States. It is therefore adjudged, and ordered that he appear before the Chancellor in the Chancery office on the 5th day of April next, for the purpose of taking the Oath, by the said act required in presence of his creditors, and that he call on his creditors, and be informed one in each of three successive weeks, the end of January next, in some newspaper of the City of Washington, in writing, before the said day of April, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefits and to judge with the Chancellor, within fifty days from the time of the last publication (if they shall think fit) their dissent to his being admitted to the benefit of the said act.

SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, reg. C. G. Jan. 7, 1801.

In Chancery, January 3d, 1801.

ON Application to the Chancellor by petition in writing of JOHN A. STEPHENS, of Charles County, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of Insolvency debtors" passed by the late Congress, and now in force, and a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, for so far as he can perform, the duties of the said act, he is returned against said John A. Stephens, being a person known to the Chancellor to be at this time, a citizen of the State of Maryland, and to have been such at the time of passing the said act, and the said John Stephens, at the time of entering of his petition, and to the Chancellor, the affix in writing of so many of his creditors as would do them, the amount of their claims, and give notice to his creditors, at the time of passing the said act, according to the said act. It is therefore adjudged and ordered that he call on his creditors, by publishing each of three successive weeks, in some one of the papers of the City of Washington, before the end of the said month of February next, in writing, before the end of the said month of February next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefits, and to judge with the said John A. Stephens, and then taking the Oath prescribed by law for doing up his property.

SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, reg. C. G. Jan. 7, 1801.

WASHINGTON BOOK-STORE.
RAPINE, CONRAD, & CO.
Corner of South B Street & New Jersey Avenue, near the Capitol.

HAVE just received, and for sale at the above I have Letters from Alexander Hamilton, concerning the public conduct and character of John Adams, Esq. President of the United States.

Also, just opening a choice assortment of Books at Hilory, Law, Medicine, Divinity, Ser and Sciences, Classics, School Books, Novels, Romances, Biography, &c. &c.—With a new and improved large royal octavo edition of the Dictionary, and foolscap writing paper, thick and thin, blue & common wrapping paper, left Dutch and right Dutch, and a variety of other stationery, and book ink, black lead pencils, parchment, playing cards, blank Books, &c. &c.—All which they will sell at the lowest prices, and on the most liberal terms. Public officers and others, who may please to favour them, with their custom, may rely on having the most attentive paid to their orders.
Nov. 17th, 1800.

THE SUBSCRIBER

DEGS leaves to inform the Public in general, that he has opened a Book-Shop and Office House, on Capital Hill, City of Washington, in the House lately occupied by Brown and Snowden as Printing Office, a few rods distance from the Capitol, where Gentlemen may be accommodated at any hour in the day or evening, with the best of Stationery, and all the necessary notice and on the most reasonable terms. Likewise the subscriber has taken particular pains to get a Stock of the best of Stationery, and to himself that by paying strict attention to the business to merit the favour of the Public in general.

WILLIAM TONKIN,
December 28, 1800.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

May be had for three or four Gentlemen during the Session of Congress by applying to the Clerk of the House, or to the Boarding House of the Navy Office, or to

Wm. O'NEILL,
City of Washington Dec. 8, 1800.

20 Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Prince George County, Virginia, a Miltato boy named Tom, about twenty years of age, of a ruddy complexion, about five feet six inches high, he has a scar on his forehead, he is a free man, he has a single black woman, slave to Mr. Frederic Conrad, living in the County of Prince George, who is his mother's name. The above reward will be paid on his being brought home, or Ten Dollars if procured in any jail and information given to

A LINDO.
December 25, 1800.