with General Wilkinson, Commander of the American troops, and his Excellency William C. C. Claiborne, Governor of the Mississippi Territory, who have been appointed by the President of the United States, Commissioners to receive the Government of Louisiana.

House of Representatives.

MONDAY, January 2.

The enrolled articles of IMPEACHMENT against JOHN PICKERING were read and signed by the Speaker.

The House proceeded to elect by ballot Eleven managers—Mr. Nicholson and Mr. R. Griswold tellers.

One hundred and nine ballots were given, 55 making a majority.

For Mr. Nicholson,	104
Mr. Early,	89
Mr. Rodney,	81
Dr. Eustis,	71
Mr. R. Griswold,	70
Mr. J. Randolph,	70
Dr. Mitchill,	61
Mr. G. W. Campbell,	60
Mr. Blackledge,	57
Mr. Boyle,	46
Mr. J. Clay,	37
Mr. Newton,	35
Mr. Varnum,	30
Mr. Elliot,	25
Mr. Holland,	21
Mr. Smilie,	19
Mr. Huger,	14
Mr. Thatcher	13

With other scattered votes.

Of which gentlemen the nine first having a majority were declared to be elected.

The House then proceeded to ballot for the two remaining managers—Mr. R. Griswold, and J. Randolph acting as tellers.

Eighty-eight votes were given, 45 constituting a majority.

For Mr. Boyle,	72
Mr. J. Clay,	59
Mr. Varnum,	12
Mr. Newton,	12
Mr. Elliot,	7

With other scattered votes,

The two first having a majority were declared to be elected.

Mr. Griswold begged to be excused from serving as a manager, and stated that he was already on several committees.

The House having excused him, proceeded to a third ballot.

Seventy-nine ballots were given, 40 constituting a majority.

For Mr. Newton,	26
Mr. Elliot,	19
Mr. Varnum,	19
Mr. Thatcher,	12
Mr. Dana,	2
Mr. Findley,	1

No CHOICE.

The House proceeded to a fourth ballot.

Eighty ballots were given, 41 constituting a majority.

For Mr. Newton,	49
Mr. Elliot,	14
Mr. Mott,	14

Mr. Newton having a majority was declared to be elected.

In the above ballots several votes given for Messrs. Randolph, Mitchil, Campbell, and Clay were not counted, owing to there being other gentlemen of similar names in the House.

The eleven Managers are, therefore, as follow:

Mr. Nicholson,
Mr. Early,
Mr. Rodney,
Mr. J. Randolph,
Mr. Eustis,
Dr. Mitchill,
Mr. G. W. Campbell,
Mr. Blackledge,
Mr. Boyle,
Mr. J. Clay,
Mr. Newton.

TUESDAY, January 3, 1804.

The House went into committee of the whole—Mr. J. C. SMITH in the chair—on the bill making appropriation for the military service for the year 1804.

The bill, being reported, was immediately taken up by the House, and after being amended, was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading to-morrow.

Dr. Mitchill, after taking an interesting view of the heavy impositions laid on American vessels, entering British ports (which we shall detail in our next) offered the following resolution:

Resolved that the committee of Commerce and Manufactures be directed to enquire into the expediency of laying and collecting a tonnage duty on foreign ships and vessels entering the ports and harbours of the United States, as an equivalent for the advantages such ships or vessels derive from the light houses they pass inwards and outwards, and to report their opinion thereon by bill or otherwise.

Ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Huger, from the committee appointed on the 15th of November, to whom was referred the report of a committee made at the last session on that part of the Message of the President of the United States, which relates to the fostering the fisheries of the United States, with instructions to enquire what measures are necessary for the encouragement of the whale and cod fisheries, made a detailed report, concluding with a resolution, that there be paid on each ton of vessels employed in the whale fisheries   cents for each voyage, provided that a greater sum than   dollars shall not be paid for each vessel.

Referred to a committee of the whole on Monday next.

Mr. Leib offered the following resolution:

Resolved that the Secretary of the Navy do report to this House, a statement of all the monies advanced for the pay, clothing, subsistence, and contingencies of the corps of Marines, from the time of the organization and establishment of that corps to the close of the last year, exhibiting the dates of the advances and to whom made; also an account standing generally under each head of expenditure aforesaid, when and by whom and what amount of money has been accounted for, and shewing the balances, if any, now in advance and not accounted for.

Agreed to without a division.

Mr. *Kennedy* called up his resolution, proscribing that the sums received in the ports of the United States, for the relief and maintenance of sick and disabled seamen, be expended in the districts wherein they are collected, and that the surplus be placed for certain purposes under the direction of the President.

Referred to a committee of the whole on Monday.

Mr. *J. Clay* observed that considerable injury had accrued to the United States from the existing provisions of the revenue laws in cases wherein they were infracted. He therefore moved the following resolution:

Resolved, That persons guilty of crimes arising under the revenue laws of the United States, or incurring fines or forfeitures by breaches of the said laws, may be prosecuted, tried and punished at any time within five years after the time of committing the offence or incurring the fine or forfeiture, any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding.

Referred to the committee of ways and means.

The House went into committee of the whole—Mr. Varnum in the chair—on the bill to allow a drawback of duties on goods, wares and merchandize transported by land, in the cases therein mentioned.

The committee, after some discussion of the bill, rose, and obtained leave to sit again.

From the Salem Register.

The certainty of the fate of the two ships under the direction of M. Peyrouse will give relief to the public mind, though we must ever deplore the melancholy event which deprived the world of the services of that truly eminent commander.—By several gentlemen lately from the Isle of France it is reported—That a Danish ship on her passage to China in the eastern route, took from an uninhabited Island, an officer and four or five men belonging to the ships commanded by M. Peyrouse, who were so emaciated and worn down for want of food, that they survived only a few days; and that papers containing the history of their shipwreck, and particulars of getting on shore among the natives, &c. were in possession of the government of the Isle of France.

The tale related by the unfortunate officer and men to the Danes on board the ship before they died, is, as nearly as I can learn, as follows: The ships left Port Jackson, and after sailing some time were unfortunately driven among rocks and shipwrecked—the principal part of the officers and crews landed in safety, and preserved great part of the stores, &c. They found the natives numerous and apparently hospitable. After remaining some time on the most peaceable terms with them, it was determined to build a small vessel from parts of the wrecks and the stately trees abounding in their neighbourhood, and to seek some European settlement, from whence they could procure a passage to their own country. In the prosecution of this hopeful scheme they cut down several trees to commence the business; not thinking it of any consequence to the natives, they did not formally ask leave of them to use their timber. The savages, however, most unluckily conceiving their rights invaded became instantly alarmed, and all their former friendly intercourse immediately ceased. It was not long before they became perfectly hostile, and watching an opportunity, when the French were off their guard, (which unhappily was sometimes the case from necessity, but too frequently from want of discipline,) they fell upon them from all quarters in a very numerous body, when a most horrible massacre ensued. The voyage of M. Peyrouse had been brought up within a few days to this fatal period, and had been deposited in a safe place in case of accident, known to all the officers—The officers who had escaped thus far in the cruel business, flew to the spot, snatched the papers, fled to one of the boats, where he was joined by four or five men, and instantly put to sea, leaving his unhappy countrymen in the merciless hands of the savages, whom they suppose were very soon overpowered and butchered by their treacherous friends. Happy to find themselves without the reach of one danger, they continued braving others until they fell in with an Island, where they landed, (and here probably they lost their boat). On this Island they remained some months, perhaps many, suffering extremely the want of food and raiment, until Providence brought the Danish ship to their relief, who took them off in a wetched situation, worn down by hunger and thirst to skeletons. Notwithstanding every attention was paid to them which humanity could dictate or tenderness suggest, they survived only time enough to relate their woeful tale.

LEGISLATURE of S. CAROLINA.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Thursday, December 1st.

The House proceeded to the order of the day, and to the consideration of the following resolution:

Resolved, That this House feel a high sense of the happy situation of the United States of America, when contrasted with that of the European powers; and that it considers the wise measures adopted and pursued by the Executive of these states, to obtain, in an amicable way, the sovereignty and possession of Louisiana, as a sure pledge that every exertion consistent with national honor, will be made by him to continue and secure to us the blessings of peace.

It was then moved and seconded that the previous question should be put.—On taking the yeas and nays thereon, they were:

Ayes 69—Noes 31—So the same was carried in the affirmative.

A motion was then made and seconded to amend the said resolution, by adding the words, "Vice-President of the U. States, the Senators, members of the House of Representatives, Mr. Livingston, Mr. Monroe, and all others concerned."

On taking the question to agree to the same, the yeas and nays were—

Ayes 13—Noes 83—So the amendment was lost.

The following resolution was then proposed and agreed to:

Resolved, That the members who do not wish to give their votes on the subject before the House, do give in their names to the clerk, that they be entered on the journals, and that they be excused from voting; and that such members have leave to enter on the journals their reasons for declining to vote.

The question was then taken on the original resolution. The yeas and nays were—

Ayes 70—Noes 3. So the resolution was agreed to. Ordered that the ayes and noes be published.

The following gentlemen under the foregoing resolution, declined voting: Langdon Cheves, Alexander R. Chisolm, Thomas Corbett, jun. John Dawson, jr. H. Deas, W. Falconer, Christopher Fuller, J. Hill, W. Hill, Basil Lanneau, Thomas Pinckney, E. Rothmahler, K. L. Simons, Thomas Simons, Thomas Smith, jun. Thomas Somarsall, J. R. Stewart, J. Stewart, Samuel Wragg; and assigned the following reasons; because neither the laws and constitution of this state nor of the U. States, authorise and require us to express in our capacities as legislators, our approbation or disapprobation of the conduct of the officers of the federal government; and because it tends to continue and excite political animosities, so mischievous in a republican government—and because it prevents the transaction of the business which is our appropriate duty as legislators. And Mr. Lancaster, who also declined voting, assigned the following reason: because of thanking Mr. Jefferson instead of the Supreme Being, who governs universal nature, he being only a man to effect the good purposes in view; and not thinking it my present business.

Ten Dollars Reward.

DESERTED from on board the frigate United States, ROBERT FAGAN, about five feet ten inches high, stout made—a native of New Jersey, supposed to be about thirty years of age. Whoever will apprehend said deserter and deliver him to captain John Cassin superintendant of the Navy Yard, Washington, shall receive the above reward and all reasonable charges. ☞ He is supposed to be in Alexandria.

Jan. 4—3t

Public Sale of Lots,

In George Town and the City of Washington.

THE executors of the estate of Anthony Holmead deceased will offer at public sale, at the Union Tavern in George Town, on Monday the 30th instants 57 lots in Holmead's addition to George Town, many of them in eligible situations—Also several lots in the city of Washington, in squares 48, 49 and 62. The terms, which will be moderate, will be made known on the day of sale.—The sale to begin at 12 o'clock. Any person wishing to view any of the above lots, will be shown them on application to the subscriber.

JOHN HOLMEAD.

Jan. 4—tf

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers indebted for the National Intelligencer are respectfully reminded that, according to the terms of that paper, unless payment be immediately made, it will be discontinued. It will be recollected that an annual advance payment of five dollars is required.

ATTENTION!!

A volunteer meeting of the privates, and non-commissioned officers, of captain Brown's company of infantry, is particularly requested at four o'clock in the afternoon of Friday the sixth inst. on the ground north of the President's House.

JOEL BROWN, Captain.

Jan. 4—2t

ATTENTION!!

A volunteer meeting of the privates, and non-commissioned officers, of captain Andrews's company of infantry, is particularly requested at four o'clock in the afternoon of Friday the sixth inst. on the ground north of the President's House.

GEORGE ANDREWS, Capt.

Jan. 4—2t

To Rent or Let.

A convenient two story Dwelling HOUSE, in the city, situated in a most remarkable pleasant situation, opposite the twenty buildings, and commanding a view of Alexandria; there is a very convenient kitchen, a small garden, and office with it. Any other particulars, may be known by applying to the subscriber, residing near the Navy Yard.

RICHARD FRAZER.

Jan. 4—

To be Rented

ON moderate terms a two story brick, Dwelling House and Lot in the city of Washington, on New Jersey Avenue near Berry's wharf—the house contains four rooms with a cellar and kitchen. Persons wishing to rent will make early application to William Howard on the premises or to the subscriber living in Alexandria.

E. MILLS.

Jan. 4—3t

ROBIN HOOD,

AN apprentice boy, aged between 14 and 15 years, ran away from the subscriber a Joiner in the city of Washington, a few days since. A reward of 50 cents will be given to any person who may apprehend the said apprentice and deliver him to me—but no charges will be paid. All persons are warned hereby not to harbour or entertain the said apprentice at their peril.

He has a scar on his chin occasioned by the bite of a horse—his clothing was a blue Jacket grey trowsers and a black fur hat much worn.

ANDREW THOMPSON, Joiner.

January 4th—3t.

Just received from London via Philadelphia, and for sale by

RAPINE, CONRAD, and Co.

NEW JERSEY AVENUE.

near the Capitol; an elegant assortment of New & valuable Books, amongst which are,

CARR's Stranger in France, plates elegant,
Elements of seamanship, 2 vols.
Black's lectures on the elements of chemistry 2 vols.
Stephen's history of the wars which arose out of the French revolution, 2 vols.
Stock's book of the prophet Isaiah, in Hebrew and English,
Playfair's commercial and political atlas,
Israel's narative poems,
Mayer's lunar tables, improved by Mason,
Nautical Almanacs for 1804—5,
Bossuets's general history of the mathematics,
Political and confidential correspondence of Louis XVIth, edited by Helen Maria Williams, 3 vols.
Lathom's Castle of the Thuilleries, 2 vols.
Annals of public economy, 2 vols.
Cavallo on magnetism.
Hampton's general history of Polybius, 4 vols. elegant.
Brown's civil law, & of the admiralty, 2 vols.
Chitty on bills of exchange,
Literary leasure, 2 vols.
Davis' surveying,
Philidor on chess, 2 vols.
Hoole's Orlando Furioso, 5 vols. elegant,
Urquhart on classical learning.
Jackson's remark's on the medical department of the British army,
Card's history of the revolutions in Russia,
Patsall's Quintilian, 2 vols.
Burdin's medical studies, 3 vols.
The art of rigging ships, with plates,
Butler's Hudibrass, 2 vols. plates elegant,
Ordinaire's history of volcanoes,
Linn's 2d letter to Dr Priestly,
Segur's Frederic William, II 3 vols.
Montefiores commercial and Notarial precedents,
Public characters, or cotemporary biography,
The chances, or nothing of the new school, 3 vols.
Sappho, a romance,
Monsieur Bosse, 3 vols.
Mrs. Hunter's moral narratives, 3 vols.
Moss Cliff Abby, 4 vols.
Letters to Miss Riversdale, 3 vols.
Leopold, 2 vols.
Reginald de Torby, 2 vols.
Amadis of Gaul, 4 vols.
German sorceress, 3 vols.
Paley's natural Theology,
Hear both sides a comedy by Holcroft,
American Repository and Annual Register for the year 1804, handsomely done up in Morocco.

*** The subscribers to the "Literary Magazine, and Annual Register," are respectfully informed that the second number will be received in a few days.

Dec. 23—

A LIKELY and valuable young Negro man, about twenty three years of age—a tolerable good house carpenter.

The terms may be known by applying to the Printer, or by note addressed to B. W. and left at the Bar of the Union Tavern, George-Town.

Any person wishing to purchase must apply within two weeks from this date.

December 22, 1803—6t

MICHAEL ROBERTS

HAS FOR SALE,

AT HIS STORE, GEORGE-TOWN,

A GENERAL

Assortment of Stationary,

And other articles in his line, viz.

ATLAS, imperial, superroyal, royal, medium, demy, and folio post papers.
Plain and vellum fool's cap ditto.
Hot pressed, gilt, wove & plain quarto post do
Superroyal and royal cartridge do.
Medium, demy & fool's cap, French marble do.
Plain and ruled blank books,
Best quills and ready made pens,
Pen knives, erasing knives and paper scissors,
Black and red ink and ink powder,
Black and red sealing wax and wafers,
Large red and white do. for office use,
Silk taste and red and white tape,
Parchment, scuttle fish bone and pounce,
Ivory pounce boxes and paper folders,
Indis rubbers and gum arabic,
Black lead pencils, (warranted)
Ditto with silver cases,
Round and flat rulers,
Marking types and Reeve's colours in boxes,
Backgammon tables and cribbage boxes,
Billiard balls and dice,
English and American playing cards,
Portable writing desks,
Gentlemen and ladies pocket books,
Sheet and house almanacs for 1803,
Sheep & calf skins dressed for bookbinding use,
Printing ink and printing paper,
Wedgewood, glass and pewter inkstands,
Sand and water boxes,
Wax candles and tapers,
Ivory handle table desert knives,
Plated tea and coffee urns, large and elegant with silver head and brims.
Ditto tea and coffee pots, silver brims,
Ditto caster double flint cut glass,
Ditto bread baskets and toast stands,
Ditto goblets and tumblers,
Ditto salt and mustard pots,
Ditto Decanter stands and fish knives,
Ditto plain, high and patent round and ovel candlesticks,
Ditto small do.
Do chamber do. with snuffers & extinguishers
Ditto snuffer and snuffer trays,
Fashionable brass andirons,
Green wire fenders and fire screens with brass tops,
Shovels and tongs,
Coal hods and cinder sifters,
Hand bellows with brass and iron pipes,

Plated Mouldings for Carcarriages.

Gigg springs,
Spurs and stirrup irons,
Chaise, duke & snaffle bridle bits,
Horse bridoons and curbs,
Carriage, chair and switch whips,
Walking sticks and sword canes,
Horseman's and pocket pistols,
Officers travelling canteens, with cooking utensils, &c. con plete,
Swords and dirks,
Gold and silver epaulets,
Sword knot and crimson silk sashes,
Gold and silver Lace and cords,
Guns and fowling pieces,
Shot pouches and powder flasks,
Game and hawking bags,
Castin nets mounted and unmounted,
Travelling trunks and travelling pouches,
Buckskin gloves and breeches,
Morocco skins of various colours,
Boot and girth webbing,
English bend and cork soals,
Gentlemen & ladies japanned dressing boxes,
English and American hair powder,
Powder bags and powder puffs,
Curing tongs and crimping irons and powder knives,
Hard and soft pomatum,
Best warranted razors,
Shaving brushes and boxes,
Benzoin, almond, palm, palmaseen, cowslip, and windsor soaps,
Wash balls and wash ball boxes,
Essence of musk, and ambergrease,
Bargamot and avender,
Ruspinis Tincture for the teeth,
Tooth brushes and tooth powder,
Ivory and boxwood fine combs,
Tortoise shell and horn braid combs,
Do. do. dressing do.
Genuine black and flesh colored plaister,
Patent shoe blacking and shoe brushes,
Clothes, hair and hat brushes,
Sweeping, scrubbing, and dusting do.
Tortoise shell and japanned segar boxes,
Mother of pearl, tortoise shell and japanned snuff boxes,
An assortment of upholsterers ware, consisting of fringe line, tassels, &c.
An assortment of hardware consisting of saws, plains, chissels, gouges, augers, files, rasps, locks, hinges, bolts, spades, shovels, tacks, sprigs, &c.

ALSO FOR SALE,

BY EDGAR PATTERSON,

at the above store,

FRESH FRUITS,

just received per the Brig Celia, capt. Brown, from Malaga.

George-town, Dec. 21.

FOR SALE

By LEWIS CLEPHAN East of the Branch bank on F. street City of Washington.

PAINTERS COLORS OF ALL SORTS.

White Lead in kegs and dry,	Red Lead,
	Spruce Ocher,
Stone Ocher of superior quality,	Patent Yellow,
	Gold Litrage,
Turkey Umber,	Prussian Blue, 1st and 2nd quality,
Vermilion,	
Best Carmin drop lack,	Kings Yellow,
Painters Brushes of all sorts,	Linseed oil and spirits of turpentine,

Window glass 10 by 12—8 by 10, and 7 by
Gold and silver leaf by the pack or book,
Large sheet glass cut to any size.

Gentlemen sending their Sashes will have them neatly glazed and on moderate terms. All orders from the country will be carefully attended to.

August 3. 1awtf

FOR Sale One hundred and fifty acres of land, One hundred acres of which is wood—it is situated (within six miles of Eastern Branch ferry. For terms apply to

MICHAEL LOWE

Prince George county, July 22. 1awf