court within the district of Washington, and to record the proceedings of the same, are hereby authorised and required to issue and execute the process of the court established by this act, and to record the proceedings thereof.

Sec. 5. *Be it further enacted*, That the court established by this act, shall hold two terms in each and every year, at the place where the courts for Washington county, within the said territory, shall be held, to commence on the days following, to wit, on the first Monday in May and September annually; and shall then and there proceed to hear and determine the pleas, process and proceedings depending before them, in the same manner as the said superior court within the district of Washington aforesaid might or could have done, in case this act had not been passed.

Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the judge to be appointed by virtue of this act, shall receive the same salary and payable in the same manner, which is established by law for judges of the said superior court of the Mississippi territory.

NATHl. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JESSE FRANKLIN,
President of the Senate, pro tempore,
March 27, 1804.
Approved,
TH: JEFFERSON.

AN ACT

For imposing more specific duties on the importation of certain articles; and also, for levying and collecting light money on foreign ships or vessels.

Be it enacted, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That from and after the thirtieth day of June next, the following articles, in addition to those already exempted from duty, shall, and may be imported free from any duty, namely, rags of linnen; of cotton, of woollen, and of hempen cloth; bristles of swine, regulus of antimony, unwrought clay, unwrought burr stones, and the bark of the cork tree.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the thirtieth day of June next, the duties now in force upon the articles herein after enumerated and described, at their importation into the United States, shall cease, and that in lieu thereof, there shall be thenceforth laid, levied, and collected, upon the said articles, at their said importation, the several and respective rates or duties following, that is to say;

On foreign caught dried fish, fifty cents per quintal:

On salmon one hundred cents per barrel; on mackarel sixty cents per barrel and on all other pickled fish, forty cents per barrel:

On cables, tarred cordage, white lead, red lead, almonds, currants, prunes and plums, figs, raisins imported in jars and boxes, and muscadel raisins, two cents per pound:

On all other kinds of raisins, one cent and an half per pound:

On tallow, yellow ochre in oil, anchors, and sheet iron, one cent and a half per pound.

On Spanish brown, dry yellow ochre, slit and hoop iron, one cent per pound:

On starch, three cents per pound:

On hair powder, glue, and seines, four cents per pound:

On pewter plates and dishes four cents per pound:

On untarred cordage, two cents and a half per pound:

On quicksilver, six cents per pound:

On Chinese cassia, and gun powder four cents per pound:

On cinnamon and cloves, twenty cents per pound:

On mace, one dollar and twenty-five cents per pound:

On nutmegs, fifty cents per pound:

On black glass quart bottles, sixty cents per groce.

On window glass as follows:—On all not above eight inches by ten, one dollar and sixty cents per hundred square feet, not above ten inches by twelve, one dollar and seventy five cents per hundred square feet and on all above ten inches by twelve two dollars and twenty five cents per hundred square feet.

On segars, two dollars per thousand:

On kid and Morocco shoes, fifteen cents a pair:

On foreign lime fifty cents per cask, containing sixty gallons, and on Sicily wine, thirty cents per gallon.

Sec 3. *And be it further enacted*, That an addition of ten per centum shall be made to the several rates of duties above specified and imposed in respect to all such goods, wares and merchandise as aforesaid, as shall after the said thirtieth day of June, be imported in ships or vessels not of the United States.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the duties laid by this act, shall be levied and collected, in the same manner, and under the same regulations and allowances as to drawbacks, mode of security, and time of payment respectively, as the several duties now in force on the respective articles herein before enumerated: *Provided however*, That no drawbacks shall be allowed on the exportation of foreign fish, or fish oil, or of playing cards.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That all duties and drawbacks, which, by virtue of this act, shall be payable and allowable on any specific quantity of goods, wares and merchandize, shall be deemed to apply, in proportion, to any quantity greater or less than such specific quantity.

Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That a duty of fifty cents per ton, to be denominated "light money" shall be levied and collected on all ships or vessels not of the United States, which after the aforesaid thirtieth day of June next, may enter the ports of the United States: *Provided however*, That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to contravene any provision of the treaty or conventions concluded between the United States of America and the French Republic, on the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and three: *And Provided also*, That the said light money shall be levied and collected in the same manner and under the same regulations as the tonnage duties now imposed by law.

Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the person exercising the powers which, under the Spanish government, were vested in the intendant of the province of Louisiana, shall until a district court of the United States shall be established in the territory of Orleans, in conformity with the provisions of the act entitled "An act erecting Louisiana into two territories; and providing for the temporary government thereof," have and exercise, in all cases whatever arising within the said territory under the laws regulating and providing for the collection of duties on imports and tonnage, or under any other revenue laws of the United States, the same jurisdiction and powers which by law, are given to the district and circuit courts of the United States. And the powers to remit fines, penalties or forfeitures, and to remove disabilities, which, by law, are vested in the secretary of the treasury, may, and shall, in all cases of such fines, penalties, forfeitures or disabilities incurred within the territory of Orleans, and until a governor of the said territory shall be appointed and shall enter into the functions of his office, be exercised by the person exercising the powers which, under the Spanish government, were vested in the governor of the province of Louisiana; and the said powers to remit fines, penalties or forfeitures and to remove disabilities, may and shall in like manner, be exercised by the governor of the said territory, from the time when he shall enter into the functions of his office, in conformity with the provisions of the said act, until the end of the next session of Congress, and no longer.

NATHl. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JESSE FRANKLIN.
President of the Senate, pro tempore.
March 27 1804.
Approved,
TH: JEFFERSON.

AN ACT

Concerning the Public Buildings in the City of Washington.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That, Fifty-thousand dollars shall be, and the same is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated to be applied under the direction of the President of the United States, in proceeding with the public buildings at the city of Washington, and in making such necessary improvements and repairs thereon, as he shall deem expedient.

NATHl. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JESSE FRANKLIN,
President of the Senate, pro tempore.
March 27, 1804.
Approved,
TH: JEFFERSON.

AN ACT

Supplementary to the act, entituled "An act to prescribe the mode in which the public acts, records and judicial proceedings in each state, shall be authenticated so as to take effect in every other state."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act, all records and exemplifications of office books, which are or may be kept in any public office of any state, not appertaining to a court, shall be proved or admitted in any other court or office in any other state, by the attestation of the keeper of the said records or books, and the seal of his office thereto annexed, if there be a seal; together with a certificate of the presiding justice of the court of the county or district, as the case may be, in which such office is or may be kept; or of the governor, the secretary of state, the chancellor or the keeper of the great seal of the state, that the said attestation is in due form and by the proper officer; and the said certificate, if given by the presiding justice of a court, shall be farther authenticated by the clerk or prothonotary of the said court, who shall certify under, his hand and the seal of his office, that the said presiding justice is duly commissioned and qualified; or if the said certificate be given by the governor, the secretary of state, the chancellor or keeper of the great seal, it shall be under the great seal of the state in which the said certificate is made. And the said records and exemplifications, athenticated as aforesaid, shall have such faith and credit given to them in every court and office within the United States, as they have by law or usage in the courts or offices of the state from whence the same, are, or shall be taken.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That all the provisions of this act, and the act to which this is a supplement, shall apply as well to the public acts, records, office-books, judicial proceedings, courts and offices of the respective territories of the United States, and countries subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, as to the public acts, records, office-books, judicial proceedings, courts and offices of the several states.

NATHl. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JESSE FRANKLIN,
President of the Senate, pro tempore.
March 27, 1804.
Approved,
TH: JEFFERSON.

WASHINGTON CITY,

WEDNESDAY, April 4.

MARRIED—on Saturday last, by the Revd. Dr. Gantt, RICHARD CUTTS, Esquire, a representative from Massachusetts, to Miss PAINE of this City.

The PRESIDENT of the U. States left the city on Sunday on a visit to Monticello. We understand that it is his intention to return within two or three weeks.

Extract of a letter from Captain Bainbridge, to Commodore Preble, dated Tripoli, November 1, 1803.

Had I not sent the schooner from us, the accident might have been prevented. If not we should have been able to have extricated ourselves from a Barbary prison: But my motive in ordering her off Cape Bon was to grant more efficient protection to our commerce than I could by keeping her with me. I hope you will consider the arrangement as judicious and done with the best intentions, although it has proved unfortunate.

The following Officers have been ordered to join the Ships put in commission and now preparing for the Mediterranean.

Samuel Barron,
John Rodgers,
James Barron,
Hugh G. Campbell,
Isaac Chauncey,
George Cox,
Wm. C. Jenckes,
Samuel Evans,
Ed'd Wyer,
P. C. Wederstrandt,
Charles Ludlow,
Marmaduke Dove,
Christopher Gadsden,
Oliver H. Perry,
John M. Gardner,
Dl. Murray,
George Balfour,
Ed'd Cutbush,
P. Lt. Medard,
Thomas Triplett,
Nathl. Tisdall,
Starling Archer,
Alexr. M'Williams,
Joseph W. New,
Larkin Griffin,
Wm. Baker,
Isaac Garretson,
Chs. Wadsworth,
Buller Cocke,
Silas Butler,
Ths. Johnston,
George H. Geddes,
Ed'd O'Brien,
Jas. S. Higinbotham,
Samuel Angus,
Dl. C. Sim,
George Dabney,
John Shattuck,
Wm. P. Smith,
Jno. Godwin,
Ed'd Bennett,
George Parker,
Johnston Blakeley,
Winlock Clarke,
Ep. R. Blaine,
M. T. Woolsey,
Wm. H. Allen,
Wm. M'Intosh,
Ed. Trenchard,
Slos H. Grenell,
John B. Nicholson,
Archd. K. Kearney,
Ed. Giles,
Orde Creighton,
Sidney Smith,
Benjamin Turner,
George S. Hackley,
Noble W. Glen,
Wm. S. Butler,
Jno. R. Leaycraft,
Wm. Sim,
John Downes,
Henry L. Martin,
Jas. P. Wilmer,
Francis Mitchell,
Walter G. Anderson,
Lewis Hunt,
John Dubose,
James Marshall,
Jno. R. Sherwood,
Dl. P. Ramsey,
Francis B. Whiting,
Charles Jones,
Andw. Stuart,
Jacquelin Harvie,
Rd. H. Wilson,
Henry Thomas,
Ed. Winslow,
Ths. Shield,
Andw. M'Dowell,
Overton Carr,
Geo. A. Hannah,
Walter Stewart,
Alexr. S. Wadsworth,
Ths. Swearingen,
Jacob Hite,
Wm. Walker,
Eli E. Danielson,
John Stocton, jun.
Thomas Shephard,
Alfred Coale,
Charles W. Rivers,
Joseph Sabb,
Jas. A. Miller.

APPOINTMENTS.

William Johnson, of South Carolina, to be an associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, in the place of Alfred Moore, resigned.

John Samuel Sherburne, of New Hampshire, to be district judge of the district of New Hampshire.

Jonathan Steele, of New Hampshire, to be attorney for the United States, in the district of New Hampshire.

Joseph M'Ilvaine, of New Jersey, to be attorney for the United States, in the district of New-Jersey.

Jonathan Russell, of Providence, in Rhode Island, to be consul for the United States, at Tunis.

William H. Burr, of New-Jersey, to be collector of the district and inspector of the revenue, for the port of Burlington, vice Moses Kempton.

Joseph Wanner, of New-Jersey, to be collector of the district, and inspector of the revenue, for the port of Great Egg harbour, vice Alexander Freeland.

William Fisher, of Virginia, to be collector for the district of South Quay.

Benjamin Tupper, of Ohio, receiver of public monies at Marietta.

Willyss Sillman, of Ohio, register of the land office at Zanesville.

Thomas Van Swearingen, of Ohio, receiver of public monies at Zanesville.

William Bache, to be surveyor of the port of Philadelphia.

Charles Kilgore, of the state of Ohio, to be register of the land office of Cincinnati.

John Willis, of Maryland, to be collector of the district, and inspector of the revenue, for the port of Oxford.

Merriwether Jones, of Virginia, to be commissioner of loans for the state of Virginia.

Hore Brown Trist, of the Mississippi territory, to be collector of the district of Mississippi.

Benjamin Morgan of New-Orleans, to be naval officer of the port of New-Orleans.

Alexander Bailey, of the Mississippi territory, to be collector of the district, and inspector of the revenue for the port of Natchez.

William G. Garland of New Orleans, to be surveyor and inspector of the revenue for the port of New-Orleans.

Charles Collins junior of Rhode Island, to be collector of the district, and inspector of the revenue for the port of Bristol in Rhode-Island.

CLOVER SEED.

A quantity of Fresh Clover Seed for sale, by

CHARLES WAYMAN.

George Town, April 4—2w

Twenty Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the subscriber residing near Bladensburg, a Negro named HARRY, about thirty years of age, five feet six inches high, dark complexion, hat thick lips, high forehead, a scar on his breast and one on his left leg, occasioned by a cut of a scythe. It is expected that he is harbored in or near the city of Washington or Baltimore; he was raised in St. Mary's county Maryland; had on a blue kersey short coat, white kersey pantaloons much worn, blue waistcoat, wool hat and some other clothes not known.

Whoever takes up said negro and secures him in jail or brings him home, shall receive the above reward and all reasonable charges paid by

HIRAM BELT.

⁂ Captains of vessels and others are forewarned from taking away or harboring said negro.

April 4—3t

Wanted to hire

A Mulatto or Negro boy, from twelve to eighteen years of age, for which good wages will be given, either by the month or year. Enquire of the printer hereof.

April 4—3t.

A Mill Seat and Farms.

Situated on Little river, in the county of Loudon at the head of the turnpike road now in its progress, will be offered at public sale to the higest bidder on the premises, on the 15th of May next (if fair, or on the next fair day.)

The seat for a large manufacturing mill being immediately at the fork of the roads leading from Snicker's and Ashby's gaps, affords also a most eligible stand for a DISTILLERY, STORE and TAVERN; and the land which is of good quality, is also well adapted to the Plaister of Paris—has an abundant supply of wood and at least 100 acres of bottom fit for meadow—The tract containing upwards of 900 acres will be sold in large or small divisions to accommodate purchasers, and the terms will be one third of the money in hand upon the receipt of a clear deed free from incumbrances of every kind—and the balance in two equal annual instalments (with interest) from the day of sale; the purchasers to receive the rents on the land when due from the tenants whose terms will expire at the end of this year.

Inquiries respecting the said property may in the mean time be made of Mr. Solomon Botton residing near it.

FERDINANDO FAIRFAX.

Charles Town, Jefferson county, Virginia.
Feb. 29—wt15M

☞ The above property will not be offered at public sale but a part is yet for sale by private contract. Inquire as above,

April 4.

Valuable Land for Sale.

The executors of the last will and testament of Anthony Holmead deceased, will sell at private sale about forty acres of Land adjoining the city of Washington at the northern extremity of 20th street west. This land is generally allowed to be one of the handsomest situations near the city, having a beautiful prospect of nearly the whole of the city of Washington, Alexandria and George Town, and any person inclinable to purchase this valuable property, will be shewn the same, and know the terms by application to the subscriber near the premises.

JOHN HOLMEAD.

November 11—wtf

General Assembly begun and held at the Capitol in the city of Richmond, on Monday the sixth day of December in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and two, and of the Commonwealth the twenty seventh.

AN ACT

More effectually to provide for the payment of taxes upon lands within this Commonwealth—Passed 29th January, 1803.

WHEREAS, numerous inconveniences and losses have occurred to this Commonwealth, from the want of an adequate mode for the subjection of lands to the payment of taxes: And whereas it is a principle in well organized governments, that property should be holden subservient to the purposes thereof:

Be it enacted, That when the taxe upon any tract or survey of land, shall have remained unpaid for the space of two years, such track or survey of land shall be forfeited to the commonwealth, and subject to location according to the terms prescribed by an act entitled "an Act for reducing into one the several acts concerning the Land Office, ascertaining the terms and manner of granting waste and unappropriated lands, for settling the title and bounds of lands directing the mode of processioning and prescribing the duty of surveyors." so far as the said act applies to waste and unappropriated land, and not to forfeited land; and title thereto shall be acquired by the said location, and by the payment of the taxes due upon such tract or survey of land: *Provided* nevertheless, that the tract or survey of land so as aforesaid forfeited, shall be subject to the redemption of the former rightful and proper owners, at any time within one year after such forfeiture shall have accrued upon the payment of the taxes due thereupon, with interest upon the same from the time they became payable.

And be it further enacted, That at any time within six months after the annual return of the list of insolvent or delinquents for the non-payment of the taxes upon land into his office, the Auditor of this Commonwealth shall cause this act to be published for the three several times in the Gazette of the printer of this commonwealth, and in some newspaper of general circulation, published at the seat of the general government: Provided always that nothing in this act shall be so construed as to authorise the location of any lands within the purview of this act, before the expiration of the time limited for the redemption thereof; nor to effect the rights of infants femes covert, or persons of unsound mind, until one year after the disabilities shall have ceased.

All acts and parts of acts, within the purview of this act are hereby repealed.

This act shall commence and be in force from and after the first day of March next.

(A copy from the Roll)
Test,
J. PLEASANTS, keeper of Rolls.
March 28th—3t.