in the Delaware regiment, and afterwards engaged in the sea service, who was twice wounded, and three times taken prisoner, twice he was confined on board the prison ships at New-York, and once at Halifax. Mr. R. wished some general regulation could be speedily made for the small remnant of this brave and meritorious, tho' neglected and suffering class of our fellow citizens. The petition was referred to the committee of Claims.

Mr. *G. W. Campbell* moved to instruct the committee appointed on that part of the President's Message which relates to an enlargement of the capital employed in commerce with the Indian tribes, to enquire into what alterations and amendments are necessary to the laws regulating trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes, and preserving peace on the frontiers, with leave to report by bill or otherwise. Agreed to.

Adjourned.

THURSDAY, *November* 15, 1804.

Mr. *M. Clay* presented the petition of the stockholders of the Alexandria Marine Insurance Company, praying to be authorised to make insurance on houses, &c. from loss by fire; referred to a select committee of three.

Mr. *J. Randolph* presented a petition from Joseph Jackson and Charles Spencer, executors of Doctor William Carter, stating that he was entitled by his services, during our revolutionary war in the hospital department to certain lands; but legislative aid being necessary to enable them to obtain the same, they pray Congress to consider the case, and do what justice requires. Referred to the committee of Claims.

Mr. *J. Randolph* moved the order of the day on the bill making farther appropriation for carrying into execution the treaty between the United States and Great Britain.

Mr. J. C. SMITH in the chair.

The blank was filled with 70,000 dollars, the committee then rose and reported the bill.

The House agreed to the same as reported, and ordered it to be engrossed for a third reading to-morrow.

A message from the President of the United States was received, accompanied by the report of the Secretary of the Navy communicating the documents requested by the House relative to the affair of the Intrepid Ketch under the command of captain Decatur, who it was announced had been promoted to the rank of captain in the navy of the United States. Ordered to be printed.

Mr. *Sloan* presented a petition from a number of the inhabitants of the townships of Weymouth, Galloway and Egg harbour in New-Jersey, praying the establishment of a post road through the same. Referred to the committee on post offices and roads.

Mr. *Alston* moved to refer the act of N. Carolina authorising the state of Tennessee to perfect titles to lands reserved to that state by the cession act to a select committee of five, with leave to report by bill or otherwise. Agreed.

Dr. *Mitchill* made a report from the committee of Commerce and Manufactures on the petition of the Slate Companies of New-York and Dutchess counties, concluding that any additional duty on imported slate at this time will be inexpedient. The general principle upon which this report was bottomed, being of considerable importance, and likely to excite discussion, he moved to refer it to a committee of the whole, and that it be made the order for Tuesday next: agreed, and in the mean time ordered to be printed.

Mr. *Newton* stated a fact relative to a citizen of Georgia, who had been sued in that state; but the creditor finding the citizen was coming to Washington, dismissed his suit there, and procured his arrest here; The debtor as a stranger for want of bail must have gone to prison, but through the humanity of the marshal who accompanied him to several places in the territory in search of a friend, the debtor was fortunate enough to procure the requisite security, and thereby avoided the hardships of imprisonment. To prevent in future this species of oppression to which strangers are liable, he moved that a select committee of five be appointed to enquire whether any, and if any, what alterations are necessary to be made in the laws of the district of Columbia relative to holding persons to bail, and that they be authorised to report by bill or otherwise.

A committee of five was appointed accordingly.

On motion of General *Stanton*, the petition of a number of inhabitants of Westerly in the county of Washington, Rhode-Island, praying that a light-house may be erected on Watch-hill point; and another from Stonington, in connection for a similar purport, was referred to the committee of Commerce and Manufactures with leave to report by bill or otherwise.

Adjourned.

Massachusetts Election.

No election in this state has ever been contested with so much spirit as the present. For a long time past the federal prints have teemed with language of the utmost acrimony and violence.—They have not disguised their purpose to make a vigorous effort to put down forever the friends of the administration, by their example to bring back the deluded people of Rhode Island and New Hampshire, and to convince the world that the proud spirit of New-England will not submit to the *ignominious chains of republicanism!* Hence their efforts have been great. On the other hand, however, we rejoice to say, that the republicans have risen in the majesty of truth, and, sacrificing with a few exceptions, local and personal feelings, to the good of their country, have advanced in a solid column to defend their rights, and to maintain the unity of their government. And we are mistaken if events will not make federalism rue the suggestion that dictated a course of measures, pointing towards a dissolution of the union, which has roused the spirit of seventy-six, and called forth the true sense of the state. We do not venture to predict the result; although every mail brings us intelligence that strengthens the preceding assurances of success.

Under these circumstances, we offer no apology for the details we give.

Northampton, (Mass.) Nov. 6.

For Representatives to Congress W. Ely, Esq. 264—Samuel Fowler, Esq. 81—In the election of Representatives to the General Court last Spring, the democratic candidate had thirty more and the federal one hundred less than were given in for electors.

LIST OF VOTES,

For Electors of President and Vice President.

	Federal	Repub.
Northampton,	281	76
Belcher,	125	26
Easthampton,	93	5
Deerfield,	208	0
South Hadley,	74	22
Buckland,	88	53
Goshen,	75	13
Williamsburgh,	91	44
Chesterfield,*	103	53
Hadley,	96	7
Westhampton,	97	6
Hatfield,	60	58
Westfield,	93	104
Montagne,	75	9
Wilbraham,	97	89
Shelbern,	111	22
Granville,	131	84
Ludlow,	8	42
Longmeadow,	73	29
West Springfield,	87	228
Montgomery,	30	27
Southampton,	150	13
Sunderland,	67	5
New-Salem,	100	66
Suntelbury,	78	1
Chelse,	73	77
Norwich,	60	17
Amherst,	183	20
Worthington,	121	31
Conway,	132	101
Greenfield,	87	58
Barnardston,	50	57
Springfield,	137	85
Brimfield,	120	11
Palmer,	63	3
Ashfield,	114	46
Monson,	91	55
Northfield,	69	75
Middlefield,	57	29
Blandford,	95	44
Whately,	58	42
Granby,	74	22

* In this town last spring a democratic representative was chosen to the general court.

The votes for representative to Congress, in the above towns so nearly correspond with the above list that we do not think it necessary to publish them.

	Fed. Tic.	Rep. Tic.
Boston,	2277	1568
Charleston,	161	342
Malden,	26	114
Medford,	101	32
Chelsea,	21	17
Hingham,	69	114
Braintree,	78	74
Roxbury,	113	313
Watertown,	33	83
Framingham,	61	106
Abington,	89	150
Weymouth,	25	55
Randolph,	21	120
Easton,	24	121
Canton,	20	111
Lancaster,	96	37
Leicester,	92	63
Worcester,	100	175
Shrewsbury,	105	51
Northboro',	70	10
Marlboro'	26	150
Berlin,	100	0
East-Sudbury,	24	60
Andover,	195	215
Newbury-Port,	398	240
Newbury,	173	184
Salisbury,	43	83
Billerica,	107	39
Salem,	483	608
Marblehead,	30	365
Danvers,	179	137
Beverly,	181	99
Lynnfield,	26	15
Lynn,	173	287
Wenham,	39	21
Gloucester,	127	281
Manchester,	81	1
Middleton,	28	61
Amherst,	55	101
Taunton,	164	180
Raynham,	44	75
Reading,	155	137
Weston,	97	38
Newton,	87	29
Cambridge,	138	228
Quincy,	88	25
Dorchester,	98	180
Milton,	48	91
Franklin,	94	49
Waltham,	41	77
Needham,	29	74
Dedham,	55	204
Staughton,	13	124
Brooklyn,	26	34
	7 227	8,198

Suffolk District entire.

	QUINCY.	EUSTIS.
Boston,	1920	1567
Charlestown,	152	341
Malden,	26	114
Medford,	100	31
Chelsea,	18	19
Hingham,	67	112
	2283	2184

Majority for QUINCY, 99.

NORFOLK.--Candidates—THOMAS B. ADAMS, and EBENEZER SEAVER.

	ADAMS.	SEAVER.
Roxbury,	120	276
Braintree,	78	74
Newton,	83	29
Quincy,	88	25
Dorchester,	98	180
Milton,	46	91
Dedham,	54	198
Franklin,	94	49
Needham,	29	74
	690	996

MIDDLESEX DISTRICT.—Candidates—TIMOTHY BIGKLOW, federal; and JOSEPH B. VARNUM, repub.

	BIGKLOW.	VARNUM.
Weston,	98	37
Cambridge,	133	220
Framingham,	60	105
Billerica,	95	50
	386	412

We have received the returns of eleven towns in the district represented by Mr. Bishop, which give the following result:

Ticket of Electors.

Republican,	1,367
Federal,	672
Majority	695

Representative.

Mr. Bishop, *rep.*	1,238
Mr. Tillinghast, *fed.*	604
Majority	634

Besides these votes 164 scattering votes were given. Four towns are wanting to complete the returns of this district, which will unquestionably give republican majorities—Mr. Bishop is therefore re-chosen by a large majority.

Jacob Crowningshield, republican, is re-elected, we understand, by a majority of 680; which exceeds by four hundred his majority at the last election.

The Boston Chronicle of the 8th inst. whose exertions have been distinguished by the most ardent zeal, furnishes us with the latest information, from which it appears that *one hundred and six towns* have given the following votes.

For Electors.

Republican	12,779
Federal	10,422

Repub. majority 2,357

The votes given in April for governor by the same towns were

For Strong	10,717
Sullivan	8,806

Fed. majority 1,911

Making a difference of 4,268 votes.

The Legislature of Rhode Island have chosen Benjamin Howland, Senator of the United States, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the death of Samuel J. Potter, deceased; and James Fenner, Senator for the term of six years from the 4th of March next. Both these gentlemen are decided republicans.

The republican ticket for Electors in Vermont was chosen by a majority varying from forty to seventy. The difference of the votes given arose from the federalists supporting republicans not on the successful ticket.

The legislature of New-Jersey have rejected the amendment proposed by Massachusetts to the constitution of the United States.

The General Assembly of Vermont have made choice of the following gentlemen as Electors of President and Vice-President of the United States:

JOSIAH WRIGHT,
SAMUEL SHAW,
EZRA BUTLER,
NATHAN'L NILES,
WM. HUNTER,
JOHN NOYS,
All Republicans.

Electors chosen by the Legislature of the State of New York, on the 9th of November.

Sylvester Dering, James Fairlie, Cornelius Bergen, John Haring, Ezra Thompson, Major John Wood, Conrad I. Elmendorf, Stephen Miller, Col. Henry Quackenbush, Albert Pawling, Isaac Sergent, John Cramer, Thomas Brook, Mathias B. Hildrith, William Floyd, Jonas Earl, Joseph Ellicot, Adam Comstock, Abraham Banker.

The above are all decidedly republican.

On a concurrent ballot for Senator in the room of General Armstrong the votes stood, for

Samuel L. Mitchell	75
Rufus King	14
David Thomas	1

Samuel L. Mitchell was consequently elected.

Richmond, Nov. 10.

Monday last an election for Electors of a President and Vice President of the United States, was held throughout this commonwealth. There cannot be the least doubt as to the result, no federal ticket having been formed, or the smallest appearance of opposition to those nominated as republican electors. This will account for the few votes given at the different polls.

In Prince George the Republican ticket

had	57
Dinwiddie,	81
Chesterfield,	130
Sussex,	216

IN COMMON COUNCIL.

Alexandria, November 10, 1804.

A communication was laid before Council from the Mayor of the City of Washington recommending the appointment of delegates to meet at the city of Washington, on business relative to the district of Columbia: *Whereupon, it is resolved*, That the present state of the town of Alexandria, and the objects interesting to their welfare to which the attention of Congress may be solicited are not so numerous nor of such a nature as to render it expedient or necessary at present to send delegates to the Convention proposed by the City Council of Washington. But should any such objects occur, this council will be always ready to concur in any such application as far as they conceive themselves authorised so to do.

Resolved, That the Mayor be requested to communicate the aforesaid resolution to the Mayor of Washington.

Test, JAMES M'REA, C. C.

TURNPIKE.

At the last session of the legislature of New-Jersey, a bill was introduced for incorporating a company to form a turnpike road from Trenton to Paulus Hook—from some unaccountable circumstance, the measure did not receive the approbation of that body. At the present session we find that the friends to this necessary improvement, have renewed their exertions, a bill has been introduced, and there is a great probability of its passage through both houses.

At present the intercourse between Philadelphia and New-York is very excellently preserved, in consequence of a competition between the proprietors of the different lines of stages—but as soon as winter shall arrive, neither good horses nor good stages can overcome the difficulties attendant on roads almost impassible. To persons at a distance it will undoubtedly appear somewhat marvellous, that there should be such a road in such states, and it really is so; there are some parts of the road to New-York, which road too is more used than any other in the union, so intolerably bad that we are astonished at the great safety which has so long attended those who have travelled in that direction in the winter. Pennsylvania has performed her part, in directing a turnpike road to be formed on the thirty miles of her territory, about twelve of which are already nearly completed. With New Jersey will remain the necessary undertaking of extending the turnpike through her territory—she must be most shamefully blind to her interest not to enter into the measure with cheerfulness and energy—wealth, industry and the benefits resulting from both, will be encreased through the whole extent of the country adjoining the road, and above all to the numerous and handsome towns on the route.

Aurora.

(By Authority.)

Washington

THEATRE.

The public are respectfully informed that the performances advertised for Wednesday evening, were unavoidably postponed owing to the inclemency of the weather, but will be exhibited on FRIDAY evening, 16th inst.—Seats in the BOXES may be taken on the days of performance.

N. B. The different Lobbies are well provided with stoves——The different performances will be accompanied by the

ITALIAN BAND.

The public are respectfully informed that the WASHINGTON THEATRE will open on Friday evening Nov. 16, 1804, with a GRAND MEDLEY of entertainments by the celebrated Mr. MAGINNIS, from London, who has performed in the most capital cities of Europe, and America.

This exhibition is brought to its present perfection, after 20 years study, together with an expence of 5000 dollars. No person can form a just idea of the richness of its merits, without becoming a spectator.

THE Public having been so frequently imposed upon by exaggerated Puffs, the proprietor will only mention a few of his experiments.

The performance for the Evening will open with a Celebrated ODE to FREEDOM.

2d. New Comic Song—Satire upon all Trades

3d. The Wonderful Magic Goblets.

4th. Comic Song—Nathan's description of Boston.

5th. CONFEDERATE COUNTERS. This is one of Don Diego's astonishing Experiments—Three persons, in company are presented with a Ring, Seal and Snuff Box, which they make choice of, one a piece, secretly; the Performer possesses the power of telling which persons have got the different articles.

6th. PATRIOTIC SONG—Hobbies.

7th. A Variety of Deceptions with Cards.

8th. The Wonderful Piece of Puzzle Wit.

9th. Description of an American Tar, with the favourite song America, Commerce and Freedom.

AFTER WHICH, WILL BE PRESENTED

A PLEASING MEDLEY OF ENTERTAINMENTS.

COMPRISING THE RICH PRODUCTIONS OF ART AND INGENUITY.

By the Wonderful Group of Artificial Comedians, three feet and a half high, will be presented the much admired Piece of

PATRICK's RETURN:

OR, THE MERRY HUMOURS OF DARBY.

TO WHICH WILL BE ADDED,

A COLLECTION OF RICH AND COMIC FIGURES.

The evening's entertainments will conclude by an ingenious piece of Machinery, displaying a Splendid Representation of

A Sea Engagement.

On the Front an exact movement of the Sea—two Fleets drawn up in line of Battle, commencing with Cannonading—Ships sinking, and others blowing up.

Previous to the engagement will be displayed A rich Spectacle of the Different Animals that inhabit the Dreary Deep viz.

The Whale, or Leviathan, Sea Lion, Bear, Horse, Crocodile, Orion on the Dolphin's Back, attended by the rest of the finny tribe: also the various Fowles that reside on the Ocean, in all their richness of variegated plumage, gliding gently through the waves.

To conclude with

NEPTUNE, GOD OF THE OCEAN, AND HIS QUEEN,

Drawn in their Shell'd Car by Sea Horses, attended by the Beautiful Mermaids.

Doors to be opened at Six, and the performance to commence at Seven o'clock

ADMITTANCE—Box one dollar. Pit 75 cents.

Tickets to be had at Mr. Smith's Office, Mr. Duane's Store, and at the Theatre. Seats taken for the Boxes on the day of performance.

N. B. The above performance will be accompanied by the Italian band of Music.

RUNAWAY NEGRO.

WAS committed to the jail of Frederick county, on the 18th of October last, as a runaway, a negro man, who calls himself, WILLIAM BLACKSTON, and says that he is a free man. He is 5 feet 6 inches high, and about 27 years of age. The clothes which he has on are a brown cloth coat, a swansdown waistcoat, dark cloth overalls, a tow linen shirt, and a wool hat. His owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be sold for his jail fees agreeably to law.

GEORGE CREAGER,
Sheriff of Frederick county.
November 16—1aw8t

A LADY qualified for conducting FEMALE EDUCATION in its various branches, and who will accept a situation in a healthy and agreeable neighbourhood in the interior parts of Virginia, will meet very liberal encouragement by an application to the Printer hereof, during the present session of Congress—none need apply without being well recommended. P. S. It will be no objection that the Lady has a family.

November 16——w4t