telligence received this morning from Portsmouth :—

"On Thursday last the schooner Hope, an American, P. Woodward, master, boarded off Cherbourgh by the Constance frigate; she had that moment come out of that port. The master of her declared, that he read in the Moniteur that a Treaty had been signed at Paris, between the Emperor and the Porte, by which the former has permission to march his troops through Turkey to Egypt.

The latter part of the intelligence is liable to considerable doubt; but that some treaty of importance has been signed we are persuaded.

[TRAVELLER.

## LONDON, July 12.

Yesterday, the Lord Chancellor, in the House of Lords where the House of Commons had assembled, communicated, from a paper, addressed to both Houses of Parliament, as follows :

"*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

"His majesty has commanded us to acquaint you that the state of the public business enables his majesty to close this session of Parliament.

"We are, at the same time, directed to express to you the great satisfaction which his majesty has derived from your unremitting zeal and diligence, & from that attention to the most important interests of his empire, which has been so conspicuously manifested in all your proceedings.

"The measures which have been adopted for the permanent improvement of the various branches of our military system, your attention to combine these arrangements with the great object of public economy, and the regulations which you have established for the speedy and effectual audit of the public accounts, call for his majesty's particular acknowledgments."

"*Gentlemen of the House of Commons,*

"We have it in command from his majesty to thank you for the provision which you have made for the various exigencies of the public service, particularly by raising, within the year, so very large a proportion of the necessary supplies; a measure in itself highly advantageous, and which must create, both at home and abroad, the most favorable impression of our national resources, and of the spirit which animates the British people.—You may be assured that the utmost attention shall be paid to the frugal administration of those supplies which you have so liberally granted.

"His majesty is particularly sensible of the fresh proof he has received of your affectionate attachment to him, in the provision which you have made for enabling the younger branches of his royal family to meet the necessary expences of their station."

"*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

"His majesty being always anxious for the restoration of peace on just and honorable terms, is engaged in discussions with a view to the accomplishment of this most desirable end. Their success must depend on a corresponding disposition on the part of the enemy; and in every event, his majesty looks with the fullest confidence to the continuance of that union and public spirit among all ranks of his people, which can alone give energy to war or security to peace."

[A commission was then read for proroguing Parliament to the 28th of August.]

Bonaparte is making every effort to weaken the Russian influence at Constantinople, and it should seem with considerable succes. The Russian Ambassador at Constantinople is said to be making prepartions for his departure, and according to letters from Smyrna, the Russian merchants are preparing to leave that city. It is by no means improbable that Bonaparte will produce a war between Russia and the Porte, in which with all possible professions of esteem for the Grand Signior and regard for his interests and independence, he will secure possession of the Morea.

A change is said to have taken place in the Russian ministry favorable to the French interest. M. Novozilzoff has retired; and the king of Sweden having refused the Russian mediation, some frigates are said to be fitting out at Cronstadt, to raise the blockade of the Prussian ports.

*Extract of a private letter from Hamburgh.*

"The principal news we have here is, that 8,000 French have entered Rome, and the Pope is going to Turin, as also that the Electors of Baden and Hesse, and the Dukes of Cleve and Hesse Darmstadt, will be raised to the dignity of Kings.

"The French are preparing, it is said, to send an army of 60,000 men in three divisions, through Asiatic Turkey, to attack the British possessions in the East Indies."

The Hamburgh mail due on Wednesday last arrived last night. The Montenegrins, assisted by the Russians, continue to oppose the most vigorous resistance to the French at Ragusa. A very bloody battle has lately been fought, and Old and New Ragusa are said to be entirely destroyed.

July 25.

It is impossible to consider the words of the speech, which we have the assurance of a ministerial paper, was meant to be expressive, in any other point of view than as abandoning the principle of joint negociation.—Though no formal negociation may yet have been entered upon, still ministers have been engaged in discussions long enough to ascertain whether the French government would consent to make peace with us separately, or jointly with Russia.—That point of course must have been settled at the very outset of the discussion. If ministers, therefore, had resolved not to negociate except jointly with Russia, and if that point had been conceded by France, ministers we may be sure would have said, that his majesty had been engaged, in concert with his august ally the emperor of Russia, in discussions with a view to the accomplishment of peace. Nothing, however, having been said, and not the least mention made of Russia and the discussions still going on, we are justified in inferring, that the principle of joint negociation has been abandoned. As this is a principle to which the present ministers, by their former speeches and professions, were in a great degree pledged, it ought to be explicitly stated, whether the abandonment of that principle has or has not been produced by Russia. As far as we are at present able to venture an opinion, we should say that it was the obvious interest and policy of Russia to negociate jointly with us.

*Courier.*

MISCELLANEOUS PARAGRAPHS.

It is reported that Lord Henry Petty will retire from the Chancellorship of the Exchequer soon after the prorogation. This will still further weaken the power of the Foxites in the cabinet.

Mr. Fox remains pretty nearly in the same state in which he has been for some days.

## PRINCESS OF WALES.

Some particulars respecting the nature and result of the important inquiry which has been instituted into the conduct of an illustrious female are in circulation among the higher circles. The examinations are said to have been confined to two points; the first respecting the birth and parentage of a child of four years old, educated under the immediate protection of the royal person in question; the next as to the general discretion of her conduct. The infant is ascertained, by reference to the registry, and to its parents, as well as by the concurrent testimony of every person examined on the occasion, to be the child of persons in a very humble rank of life at Deptford, and to have been maintained and educated by the princess on the purest and most amiable principles of charity and benevolence.

On the second head a large mass of evidence, we understand, has been brought forward, in the course of which most of the persons in her royal highness's household have been examined. The whole of the report has been presented to his majesty, who has ordered copies to be furnished to the two royal persons personally interested in the result of the investigation. The commissioners to whom this delicate enquiry was confined, were the Lord Chancellor, Earl Spencer, and Lord Grenville.

July 26.

It is reported in the German papers, that the Grandees of Russia have attempted to treat the Emperor Alexander in the same manner as his unfortunate father was treated.

The report on the continent, that the emperor Alexander, would make a separate peace with Napoleon, is rendered highly incredible from the fact, that in the Paris Moniteur, the court of Russia is charged in severe terms, with having fomented the troubles in the Turkish provinces, for her own interest.

The embarkation of troops for the grand expedition, is now completed.—Their destination is certainly the Mediterranean, and it is presumed for Sicily.

Whatever progress is made in the negociation with France, remains only known to the cabinet council. Nothing farther has transpired, than that the most perfect good will exists between the two governments—that the Paris papers breathe a spirit of mildness, & temper, well suited to the opening of pacific discussions.

No accounts are yet received of the actual evacuation of Cataro, and of its final surrender to the French. The report, that this place has been taken possession of by the English, is entitled to no belief.

Mr. Fox continues to go on in a state of regularly progressive convalescence.

## CONSTANTINOPLE, June 15.

Every thing in this city and its vicinity assumes a warlike aspect. The troops lately arrived from Asia amount to 18,000 men, who are encamped near Scutari, whence they will shortly break up for service. This corps will be under the command of the Pasha of Cogni, whom the Grand Signior has appointed general of his new formed regular troops, which now amount to above 30,000 men.

*Norfolk, Sept. 8.*

On Saturday arrived here the ship Felix, captain Ross, from Nantes, which port she left the 20th July; we have received no papers by her, but the verbal information which we obtain from an intelligent passenger, is in substance to the following effect:

Peace has been much talked of, but had not induced speculations founded on expectation of that event. The general opinion was, that there would be no peace immediately. It was said that the French emperor had given in his ultimatum, which was in terms that it was not supposed Britain would accede to it.

## JUST RECEIVED,

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

*And now opening at D. Rapine's Bookstore, Capitol Hill,*

*Dr. Rees' New Cyclopædia,*

VOL. I PART II.

Gentlemen who have patronized the work will please send for their copies.

Hale's treatise of the Pleas of the Crown, 2 vols.

——Reports, vols. 5 and 6.

Plowden's history of Ireland, 5 vols.

The secret history of the Court and Cabinet of St. Cloud,

Conversations on Chemistry,

The Mariner's Chronicle, being a collection of the most interesting narratives of shipwrecks, fires, famines, &c. vols. 1, and 2.

And a great variety of other late and valuable publications, all which will be sold at reasonable prices.

September 15—3t

## Washington Jockey Club RACES.

WILL commence on TUESDAY the 28th day of October next—free for any horse, mare or gelding—carrying the following weights viz:

Aged horses, 126 lbs. Six years old, 120 lbs. Five years old, 112 lbs. Four years old, 100 lbs. Three years old, 86 lbs. There will be an allowance of three pounds for mares and geldings.

The first days purse, Four mile Heats, it is supposed will be at least 700 dolls.—that being the amount of it last year.

On Wednesday the 29th, the second day's Jockey Club Purse, the Three mile Heats, it is supposed will be worth 400 dolls.

Thursday the 30th will be run for a cup of Fifty Guineas value—a single Four mile Heat, free only to subscribers.

And one hour after will be run for the Ladies's Plate—Two mile Heats free only to members of the Club.

Each day's race to begin precisely at one o'clock, P. M.

All delinquent members of the Club, are earnestly requested to make immediate payment of their dues to the Secretary and Treasurer.

Tolls, as usual, will be collected at the gates, for the benefit of the Club.

No person will be permitted to stand within the cords—and all dogs found on the course, will be destroyed.

All persons desirous of erecting Booths, will make speedy application to the Secretary and Treasurer, for licences for that purpose.

The foregoing regulations will be strictly enforced, by persons employed to carry them into effect.

By order,

*JOHN TAYLOE, Pr. W. J. C.*

*John Mason,*
*Thomas Peter,*
*Henry O'Reilly,*
*Nathan Lufborough,* } *Stewards.*

Test *DENNISON DARLING,*
*Secretary and Treasurer.*
*CHESTER BAILEY,*
*Clerk of the course.*

*September 15—tawtR*

PROPOSALS for opening, bridging and improving the road laid out under the direction of the Secretary at War, between Nashville in Tennessee and Grindstone Ford on Pierre river in the Mississippi territory, will be received at the General Post Office until the 15th day of December next.

For the convenience of contractors the road will be divided into three parts, and separate proposals received for each.

First. From Nashville to the Tennessee river, 112 miles.

2. From Tennessee river to Loonachitto creek, a branch of the Big Black river, 113 miles.

3 From Loonachitto creek to Grindstone Ford, 155 miles.

*NOTES.*

Note 1. The road is to be cleared of all trees logs and brush, twelve feet in width and made passable for a waggon. All streams not over forty feet wide are to be bridged, and the banks of other streams are to be shelved or sloped down so that they may be passable for a waggon.

Note 2. The bridges are to be twelve feet broad supported by proper abutments, the bridge part to be composed of four pieces of timber not less than 10 inches in diameter at the smallest end, and covered with halved logs whose original diameter was not not less than 8 inches, the piers or supports of the bridge not to be more than twenty feet apart.

Note 3. Some parts of the road will require causewaying, these will be pointed out by the Post Master General's agent. The causewaying is to be done with logs, 10 feet in length and not less than 6 nor over 9 inches in diameter, earth is to be thrown upon them to render them passable, and where the places to be causewayed are subject to be overflowed the causeway is to have a rider on each side keyed down by forked stakes or stones and gravel.

Note 4. It is supposed that there is already a cleared waggon path on some part of the distance, no clearing is to be done where that is the case. The work is to be compleated by the first day of October 1807. Reasonable advances will be made at the commencement of the work, and the balance paid as soon as the work is compleated. Mr. R. J. Meigs, and Mr. Thomas Wright are to decide whether it be executed conformable to contract.

Note 5. The proposals should state the price by the mile for clearing, the price by the yard in length for causewaying, the price by the foot in length for the bridgework, and the price by the cubic yard for sloping or shelving the banks of watercourses.

GIDEON GRANGER,
Postmaster-general.

Sept. 15—tawtD15

## WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

AS an apprentice to the Druggist business—an active lad, of about fifteen years of age—one who has some knowledge of the business, or who has been accustomed to attend in a store would be preferred.

Enquire of the Printer.

Sept. 15—tf.

WAS Committed to the jail of Montgomery county on the 11th day of August last past, as a runaway, a mulatto man, who calls himself by the name of THOMAS CAMPBELL, and says he is a freeman; he is about 31 years of age, 6 feet 2 inches high, his little toe and the one next it, on the right foot, grows together, his clothing not worth describing as he has been living in the county for upwards of two years, and has passed as a freeman and says that he was born free on the north fork of Holston river, in the state of Virginia—the above fellow will be sold out for his prison fees agreeably to law if not taken out by the owner if any.

BENJAMIN RAY, Jun.
Sheriff.

September 15—3t

Was committed to the jail of Montgomery county on the 28th day of August last a young negro man who calls himself by the name of JOHN, and says he is the property of James King of Prince George's county not far from Bladensburg. John is about 20 years of age, spare made, very black, about 5 feet 8 inches high; had on when committed an old wool hat, osnaburg shirt & jacket, and a pair of blue trowsers. The above described negro will be sold out for his prison fees agreeably to law, if not taken out by the owner.

BENJAMIN RAY, Jun sheriff

September 15—3t

## A BOX SEXTANT.

*PRICE 24 DOLLARS.*

GENTLEMEN of the Navy and others, are respectfully informed that the accuracy of this instrument is equal to the best Quadrant in taking observations, and much more convenient, as it may be carried in the pocket—its size not much exceeding that of a large watch. This instrument, is one of the many valuable inventions of the ingenious *MR. JONES of London.*

Gentlemen wishing to view the above instrument will be gratified by immediate application at

*J. MARCH'S*
*BOOK AND STATIONARY STORE,*
High street, Georgetown,
*Where are just received,*

A few double Tangent Quadrants,
Dolland's best day and night Telescopes,
Military Glasses—Camp Glasses,
Mathematical instruments,
American Practical Navigator,
Norie's Navigation,
The use of the Sextant and Quadrant,
Nautical Tables,
Mackay on Longitude,
Steele's Elements of Rigging and Seamanship, with plates,
Steele's Elements and Practice of Naval Architecture, with plates,

LIKEWISE,

A new and extensive assortment of
BOOKS & STATIONARY,
AND
NEW PUBLICATIONS,
*Among which are,*

The Life of LEO X.
The Lay of the Last Minstrel,
Life of Lord Nelson,
Cabinet of St. Cloud,
Female Revolutionary Plutarch,
Aikin's Annual Review,
Life of Richard Cumberland,
II. and III. volumes Universal History,
Trial of the Journeymen Boot and Shoemakers,
Complete Family Brewer,
The History of Bonaparte, with a plan of the Battle of Austerlitz.

☞ A large quantity of Slates, Slate Pencils and School Books.

September 1—w6t

## A FARM to RENT.

I have a farm in Montgomery county at the Falls of Senca, on Potomac, 18 miles from George Town, which I will rent to good tenant on reasonable terms, for one or a term of years.

JOSEPH FORREST.

City of Washington, September 5—3w

## RUNAWAY NEGRO.

COMMITTED to the jail of Frederick county, as a runaway, LEVI RILEY, a mulatto, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, has long wool. His clothing consists of coarse linen shirt and trowsers. He says he is a freeman and previously to his being taken into custody he was engaged in the business of sweeping chimnies. His owner is desired to release him, or he will be sold for his jail fees agreeably to law.

GEORGE CREAGER, *Sheriff of Frederick county.*

August 27—w8t

## RUNAWAY NEGRO.

COMMITTED to the jail of Frederick county, Maryland, as a runaway, GEORGE MORGAN about 22 years old, 5 feet 10 inches high; of a yellow complexion. His clothes are, a coarse linen shirt, and a striped cotton jacket and trowsers. He says he belongs to a certain Isaac Brewill of Mecklenburgh county state of Ohio. His owner is desired to release him, or he will be sold for his jail fees agreeably to law.

GEORGE CREAGER, *Sheriff of Frederick county.*

August 27—w8t

*WASHINGTON CITY.*

THE Subscriber takes this method to inform the public, that he has enlarged his tavern considerably for the accommodation of Travellers and Boarders; his stand being on F street opposite the Bank and very near the public offices. He flatters himself from the advantage of his situation and the reasonableness of his charges, with the strict attention to business, to give general satisfaction.

THOMAS THORPE,

June 30—wtf

## TO RENT,

On very low terms, FOUR convenient Two story brick DWELLING HOUSES directly south of the six Buildings.

Apply to
T. K. GILLISS.

Washington city, Aug. 15—2wtf

## 50 Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 20th ult. mulatto JOE. Joe is a stout well made dark mulatto fellow, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, about 30 years of age—has several large scars on his hands and body, lisps a little. Had on and took with him, a tow linen shirt & trowsers, one pair of nankeen trowsers, also one old surtout coat and old fur hat much worn. Joe can write a tolerable good hand, & has run away before, when he was taken up & put in the Frederick town jail & sold out by George Creager in 1805. Any person taking up said fellow, and securing him in any jail so that I get him again, shall receive if taken within the county, 20 dollars, and if out of the state the above reward. If brought home all reasonable charges will be paid by the subscriber living in Frederick county, Md. near New Market.

SINGLETON BURGEE.

N. B. I forewarn all persons from harboring or carrying off said fellow at their peril.

P. S. Joe ran off in company with a fellow named Adam, and they were both lately advertised together; since which Adam has been taken and secured in the jail of York, (Pa.) Joe went in the same direction, and will probably make for Philadelphia, and endeavor to get on board some vessel and go to sea.

Sept. 12—eptf

## SAMUEL VAIL, & Co.

SUBMIT TO THE PUBLIC THE FOLLOWING

*PROPOSALS,*

*FOR PUBLISHING AT ST. LOUIS,*

IN THE

LOUISIANA TERRITORY,

A

WEEKLY NEWSPAPER

MISSOURI CORRESPONDENT,

AND

*ILLINOIS GAZETTE.*

PREFATORY to undertaking the Editorial labors of a Newspaper, we presume to offer the following remarks:

While the United States by their rapid progress in population, agriculture, commerce and the arts, are becoming every day more and more powerful and opulent, the limits of our western settlements are widely extending themselves far beyond our ancient boundaries, even to a very great length, into our newly acquired territories, beyond the utmost expectation of the most sanguine of our fellow-citizens. Since the important acquisition of Louisiana, comprising a tract of the finest country on the face of the globe—embracing almost every climate between the north and south poles—a tract of country more extensive than all the United states, besides, and capable of affording subsistence to more people than all the continent of Europe; with all the necessaries and almost all the luxuries that can possibly be conceived of. We consider this as rational anticipation, entirely unconnected with any thing prophetic or visionary. There are other considerations which operate powerfully upon our minds, and tend absolutely to induce in us a belief, of the growing consequence of the region in question; the citizens of which have, a guarantee of all the rights of the citizens of the United States in the constitution; and equally entitled to enjoy the rights and security of life, liberty, property, and reputation, as well from the invasion of any foreign nation as from Indian war. Although far removed from the present greatest population of the United States, by the compact of federal union, the physical force and power of the nation must be extended to the government and people, for their protection forever, or at least so long as the union exists. In this view of the subject we are compelled to believe, that the period is not far distant, when the face of this healthy and beautiful country, will be covered with a numerous population, and that seminaries of learning will appear throughout the whole—so that the arts and sciences may find their way thither, without the trouble, labor and expence, of importation from abroad. It is believed that no country has yet been discovered, which affords such great temptations to emigrants from the old settled states and foreign countries, as the one of which we are now speaking.

The MISSOURI CORRESPONDENT & ILLINOIS GAZETTE, will always be open for the exposition of public measures. In the discussion of local questions, the Editors will know no party; but will give place to all essays that are couched in decent and correct language. Its columns will contain a summary of the acts and proceedings of Congress during and after their session; and the proceedings of the Legislatures of Louisiana and Indiana territories in detail—together with a due portion of political, historical, philosophical, moral, poetical and amusing essays.

Ever mindful of the respect due to a Gazette intended for circulation among a numerous, virtuous and independent people, whose generous patronage we hope to merit and receive—in return for which, it will be our endeavor to become useful members of the community, and cultivate a friendly intercourse with all our patrons.

We shall always in an independent manner keep in mind our constitutional guarantee—the Liberty of the Press—remembering, too, at the same time that the great Montesquieu in his Spirit of Laws has declared, that, "Liberty without control is licentiousness."

## CONDITIONS.

1. It shall be printed weekly on the day which shall be found best adapted to the purpose of affording the earliest intelligence, and the most speedy distribution of the papers.

2. It shall be printed on a royal sheet, in folio, and on a good type.

3. Subscriptions; price Three Dollars [illegible] paid in advance, or promissory notes for Four Dollars at the expiration of the year.

4. Advertisements of no more length than breadth, will be inserted three weeks, for one dollar and fifty cents: for each continuance, thirty seven and a half cents—Those who wish their advertisements in the French language, will be accommodated.