several thousand troops and a number of gun boats, &c. were fitting out at Bacalar and Campeachy, for the purpose of attacking them. The English were making spirited exertions to receive them; and had armed boats watching their movements. A flag of truce, which had been sent them by the English, had not returned when capt. G. sailed.

New-York, Oct. 7.

GENERAL MIRANDA.

In order that an idea may be formed of the opposition which gen. Miranda is likely to meet, in his attack on the Spanish Provinces of South America, the following statement of the forces there, extracted from a work recently published in France, by M. D. Pons, a French commercial agent, who travelled through those provinces in the years 1801-2-3 and 4, and entered upon the most comprehensive and accurate investigation of all that related to them, by order of the French government, may prove acceptable to our readers:

The force in the Carraccas consists of

one company of grenadiers	71 Men.		
Eleven companies of fusileers, each.	77		
Total		—913.	
Artillery.			
One company	100		
Two ditto of white militia	200		
Four ditto of men of color	400		
Two do. of blacks	200		
Total		—900.	
Militia.			
One battalion of whites, 9 companies	810		
Two do. of white militia	200		
Four do. of men of color	400		
Two do. of blacks	200		
		—900	
Militia.			
One battalion of whites, 9 companies	810		
One squadron of whites	100		
One battalion of men of color	720		
Total		—1630.	
Valence Militia.			
One battalion of whites	810		
Two do. of men of color	720		
Total		—1530.	
The Valleys of Arragon Militia.			
One battalion of whites	810		
One do. of men of color	720		
Total		—1530.	
Sans Carlos Militia.			
One company of cavalry	50		
Total of the force in the Carraccas		—	6558
IN CUMANA.			
Troops of the Line.			
Three companies	221		
Artillery.			
One company of artillery	100		
Two do. of white militia	200		
One and an half do. of men of color	150		
Total		—450	
Militia.			
Twelve companies of whites	1080		
Two of cavalry do.	990		
One and an half of cavalry	75		
Total		—2245	
Total in Cumana		—	2916
MARACIABA.			
Troops of the Line.			
Four companies	308		
Artillery.			
One company of men of color	100		
Militia.			
Five companies of whites	450		
Four do. of men of color	360		
Total		—810	
Total in Maracaiba		—	1218
LA GUIANA.			
Troops of the Line.			
Three companies	150		
Artillery.			
One company of artillery	100		
Militia.			
Four company of whites	360		
One company of artillery	150		
Four companies of infantry, men of color	560		
Total		—870	
Total in Guiana		—	1120
ISLAND OF MARGUERITA.			
Troops of the Line.			
One company	77		
Artillery.			
Four companies of men of color	400		
Militia.			
Four companies of whites	360		
One do. of cavalry	80		
Four do. of men of color	300		
Total		—770	
Total in Marguerita		—	1247
Grand total		Men	13,059

New-York, Oct. 8.

A letter from Campeachy, dated the 14th of August, mentions that on the 27th of February the sentences of the brig Franklin, ship Nancy, ship Portsmouth, and several other American vessels, were reversed at Madrid.

Philadelphia, Oct. 6.

The following extract of a letter from London, will be found interesting, in regard to the doctrines of the British courts, in adjudicating American vessels.

"We have now to inform you of the restitution of the Union and cargo, on our paying the captor's expences. The judge, Sir, William Scott, would not consider the voyage from Batavia to Philadelphia connected with the outward one from Amsterdam, and the whole question with the court was respecting the property; and though there was in his opinion strong evidence of its true nature, yet as the persons from whom this evidence was received, had been engaged in a colorable transaction (alluding to clearing out for Tranquebar) in a former part of the business, he did not consider it improper to refer the case for further proof, if wished for by the captors. With respect to that part of the cargo shipped on account of the George, he ordered immediate restitution. Upon this the King's advocate offered to restore ship and cargo on paying the captor's expence, which the court agreed to, and restitution was ordered accordingly."

Baltimore, Oct. 7.

Agreeable to the charter the Baltimore and Fredericktown turnpike road company, an election was held yesterday for President, Treasurer & Managers—the following gentlemen were duly elected:

Jonathan Ellicott, *President.*
William Cooke, *Treasurer.*
Thomas Sprigg,
John M'Pherson,
George Baer, Jun;
John E. Howard,
John Ellicott of John,
John Donnell,
Solomon Etting,
Lewis B Smith. } *Managers.*

Petersburg, Oct. 2.

TORNADO.

On Monday last, the inhabitants of this place, and the adjacent country, experienced one of the most destructive rains accompanied with a violent wind from N. W. that has ever occurred within the memory of the oldest citizens. The rain commenced about four o'clock in the morning, and continued with encreasing violence till noon, when it began to abate, and about three o'clock the storm subsided. From ten till twelve o'clock, the water appeared to fall in an almost solid body, filling and overflowing every rivulet over which the clouds passed——Mills, fences, bridges, &c. met one common fate; and the low grounds and meadows, presented an appearance unparalleled in the annals of this state. The fall of water was incalculable—and the injury sustained, must be very considerable.

The damage sustained by the inhabitants of Petersburg, is estimated at from 6 to 8000 dollrs. The Blandford causeway, which had suffered considerable injury by the preceding rains, was rendered impassable, except by boats. Mr. Harrison, residing near the causeway, lost a considerable quantity of salt by the water suddenly bursting into his lumber house; and the undertaker, who was about to rebuild the arch over the creek, lost all the materials he had been collecting——But the most destructive scene was on Old street in the neighborhood of the Little bridge. The quantity of driftwood that came down the valley leading to the Little Bridge, completely stopped the aqueduct passing under Mr. Baird's large brick tenement, and the water unable to discharge itself through the usual channel, rose with incredible impetuosity; till it found a vent through the store rooms of Messrs. Trokes', Cooke, &c. where it passed off in a body at least two feet in depth, carrying with it various articles that could not be secured in time. The quantity and rapidity of the water running over the street, suspended the communication between the east and west end of the town, for some time.

We understand the most material sufferers are, Mr. Knox, (who had two houses, situated near the river, washed from their foundations, and several tenements on the street materially injured) Messrs. D. & M. Trokes, Mr. John Cook, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Peniston, & Mr. Whitlock.—One man lost his life, and several were in imminent danger.

Cincinnati, September 23.

A gentleman lately from Malden, in Upper Canada, has communicated the following information:

That a few chiefs from the Sacque nation had arrived there, and said, that lieutenant Pike, on an expedition to explore the Upper Mississippi, finding within the American line, a number of British traders, levied duties upon them to the amount of 28,000 dollars: that the traders taking umbrage at the measure, had influenced (it was believed) the savages to attack lieutenant Pike's party; but that Pike having notice of their design, fortified himself before the enemy appeared: that the Indians assaulted the work, and were repulsed with considerable loss: and that the Americans had five men killed.

The same gentleman also adds, that it was reported at Malden, that the party under captains Lewis and Clarke, had been cut off; that this report was founded on letters said to have been received from the remote British posts.

He farther adds, that a gentleman of the North West Company in Canada, had proceeded to explore the country west of Cook's river, whence he was to continue his researches between the dividing mountains and the Pacific ocean, as far as Cape Horn. He was not expected to return in less than 7 years—His party consisted of between 30 and 40 men.

Norfolk, Sept. 25.

The following is a list of the number of English ships that composed the fleet off Trafalgar—with the state they were in after the engagement, and the names and number of vessels that joined the English just before—it is translated from a French official account, and deemed correct, and has not been before published here.

Ships dismantled.	GUNS.
Victory,	100
Temeraire,	98
Queen,	98
Canopas,	98
Thunderer,	98
Spencer,	74
Swiftsure,	74
In a crippled state.	
Driad, La Saunette, and Hardie.	
Sunk in or after the action.	
Britannia,	100
Prince of Wales,	98
Neptune,	98
Prince,	98
Burnt after the action.	
Defence,	74
Lost on the coast.	
Donnegal,	80
Tiger,	80
Orion,	74
Monitor,	74
Colossus,	74
Sparta,	74
In good condition.	
Windham,	74
Zealous,	74
Conqueror,	74
Revenge,	74
Achilles,	74
Mars,	74
Bellerophon,	74
Polyphemus,	74
Ships that joined before the battle.	
Duke of York,	90
Royal Sovereign,*	100
Swift,†	80
Lightning,	74
Eagle,	74

* Lost with 500,000l. sterling on board, bound to Malta.

† Dismasted and towed by a frigate.

From this statement it will appear that although the English obtained the victory, it was obtained with a loss dreadfully severe on their part, and also with a considerable superiority in number on their side at the commencement of the action, particularly in first rate ships.

FROM THE NEW JERSEY JOURNAL.

Mr. Kollock,

Supposing that it will be interesting to the farmers of this neighborhood, I wish to inform them though the medium of your paper that a Pumpion has been raised by Mr. Niemcewicz of this place which measures 5 feet 4 inches in circumference, and weighs 88lbs, 1-2. As this vegetable is of a peculiar species and the gentleman who raised it is desirous of improving the produce of this part of the country, he will gladly furnish any farmer (desirous of planting it) with a few seeds.

A SUBSCRIBER.

Elizabeth-Town, Oct. 6 h. 1806.

JOHN COX

Has received a large General assortment of

FALL GOODS,

Which he will sell by wholesale and retail very cheap.

☞ No one shall sell lower than he will.

George Town, October 13—epNI&UO—6w

LOST,

The following Certificates of United States Debt:

No. 2708 for 244 dolls. 45 cts. 6 per cents.
3922 for 88 dolls. 3 per cents.
3339 for 122 dolls. 25 cts. deferred 6 per cents.

Issued by the Register of the Treasury, Joseph Nourse, Esqr. the 6 per cts. on the 2d September, 1791—the 3 per cts. on the 25 January, 1792, and the deferred 6 per cents on the 27 January, 1792, in favour of William Wilson, of Alexandria. For the renewal of which application will be made at the Treasury of the United States.

WM. HODGSON.

October 11th, 1806—6wep

RUNAWAY NEGRO.

WAS committed to the jail of this county as a runaway slave on the 17th inst. a bright mulatto man by the name of RICHMOND THOMAS about 35 years old, about 5 feet 6 inches high, stout made, wide mouth and thick lips, the little finger of his left hand crooked, his clothing is an old black broad cloth coat, 1 black sattin and 1 silk and cotton jacket, 1 pair dimity & 1 pair oznabrig pantaloons, 1 muslin shirt, 1 pair old shoes and a white and green hat, says he is free and lives in Philadelphia, has taken a tour to the Miami's and was on his way home when taken up, his owner is desired to come and prove property pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be sold for his prison fees according to law.

L. HILLEARY, Sheriff
Allegany county, Maryland.

Cumberland, October 8—3tw.

Post Office, Washington,

MAIL ESTABLISHMENT,

To commence 13th October, 1806.

THE Northern mail by way of Baltimore will arrive every day at 5 P. M. and be closed at 8 P. M.

The Southern mail, by way of Alexandria, will arrive every day at 6 P. M. and be closed at 9 P. M.

The Northwestern mail, by way of Fredericktown, will arrive every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5 P. M. and will be closed at 8 P. M.

The Eastern mail, from Annapolis and the Eastern Shore, will arrive every Tuesday and Thursday at 4 P. M. and will be closed every Tuesday and Friday at 8 P. M.

The mail from Port Tobacco, Leonardtown the Ridge &c. will arrive every Tuesday at 6 P. M. and be closed every Thursday at 8 P. M.

The mail from Benedict, Charlotthall, &c. will arrive every Wednesday at 6 P. M. and be closed every Friday at 8 P. M.

The mail from Brookville will arrive every Thursday at 7 P. M. and be closed every Wednesday at 8 P. M.

The mail from Winchester, Shepherdstown, Leesburg, &c. will arrive every Monday at 2 P. M. and be closed the same day at 7 P. M.

The mail from Ohio by Clarksburg, Winchester, Paris, Centreville, &c. will arrive every Friday at 10 A. M. and be closed the same day at 2 P. M.

The New Orleans mail by way of Fort Stoddert, Athens, Greenville, &c. will every Saturday at 8 A. M. and be closed every Saturday at 7 P. M.

The Tennessee, Mississipi and Orleans mail will arrive every Monday at 6 P. M. and close at 9 P. M.

NOTE.—During the Winter the Northern mail will not arrive until 8 P. M.

THOMAS MUNROE, P. M.

October 13—tf

By order of the Orphans Court of Montgomery county. WILL BE SOLD to the highest bidder, on Thursday the 30th instant all the personal estate of John Holmes, and Mary Holmes, late of said county deceased, consisting of,

Twenty-Two NEGROES, eleven head Horses, a stock of Cattle, sheep and Hogs, a crop of old and New Corn, Wheat, Rye, and Oats, a crop of Flax, Fodder and Straw, Cyder, and Cyder Brandy, one Road Waggon and Geers, Household and Kitchen Furniture, with many other articles; a credit of 10 months will be given, the purchaser giving note with approved security, bearing interest. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock & continue from day to day until all is sold.

M. BROWNING, admr. D. B. Non of John Holmes & admr. of Mary Holmes deceased.

TO BE RENTED,

The late Farm of Mary Holmes containing 500 acres of arrable Land, on which will be seeded 80 bushels of wheat and Rye. Good buildings, a fine orchard and healthy situation.

For terms apply to

M. BROWNING,
Clarksburg, Maryland.

October 13—ep3w

ELISHA RIGGS,

HAS received by the late arrivals, via Philadelphia and Baltimore, a part of his

Fall Goods,

and daily expects by the Leonidus and WILLIAM and JOHN, (from Liverpool to Alexandria) a Large Supply of coarse goods, which WILL make his assortment extensive—among those received, are,

Plain and plaid silks, and chambra muslins,
Dimities, calicoes, and I. Linens,
Furniture, dimities, calicoes, and trimmings,
Carpetting flannels and counterpins, and many other articles. ALL of which are direct from the manufactories, or bought in this country for cash and WILL be sold at a SMALL advance for money, or to punctual persons only.

Geo. Town. September 19—2w4w

60 DOLLARS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber living in Prince George's county on Sunday the 29th inst. the three following slaves—a mulatto young man who calls himself BILL STEWART, he was born at Montgomery court house, was once the property of Honore Martin, was purchased of him by the late Rich. Contee who sold him to me; he is a likely well made fellow about 21 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, his hands and feet are large; the evening before he absconded he had his hair cut close; he had with him a variety of clothing, viz. 1 blue coat and overals, one light colored bearskin coat and overalls, 2 swansdown waistcoats, 3 fine Irish linen shirts and some coarse shirts, three muslin neckcloths, a fine hat, price 7 dollars; he took away a prayer book, in, the first page of which is written Mary Duckett.

JOE who calls himself Joe Grimes, alias Graham, and HARRY, both young negro men about 21 years of age—the clothing of these cannot be described. Joe has one of his arms broken near the wrist, which makes it longer than the other; when he is spoken to he speaks fast as if his tongue was too large for his mouth. Harry, I am informed, has several large scars on his body and one of his thighs occasioned by burns when he was young.

The above reward will be paid for confining the three in jail, or 50 dollars for confining Bill in jail so that I get him again.

WALTER BOWIE.

July 7—2awtf

RUNAWAY NEGRO,

COMMITTED to the jail of Frederick county, as a runaway, LEVI RILEY, a mulatto, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, has long wool. His clothing consists of coarse linen shirt and trowsers. He says he is a freeman and previously to his being taken into custody he was engaged in the business of sweeping chimnies. His owner is desired to release him, or he will be sold for his jail fees agreeably to law.

GEORGE CREAGER, *Sheriff of Frederick county.*

August 17—w8t

New-York, October 9.

London papers to the 16th of August (one day later than our previous advices) were received at the office of the Mercantile Advertiser yesterday, by the ship Gold Hunter. She sailed on the 17th, and had a paper of that date; but being boarded on the banks of Newfoundland, and by two British frigates from Greenland, captain Vose gave it to one of the commanders at his earnest solicitation.

It contained, however, we are informed, no additional intelligence on the subject of the pending negociations: and it was the general expectation in London, that they would be broken off without terminating in peace.

The paper of the 16th is politically uninteresting.

The report of the commissioners appointed to investigate the charges against the Princess of Wales, has been made to the King, but is not published. It bears date on the 14th July, and was delivered on the 11th of August to the illustrious lady, *by one of the Lord Chancellor's footmen*; a mark of disrespect, which is treated with becoming severity by some of the London editors. The report, we understand, is a complete exculpation from the charge of having borne a spurious child, and notices only some trifling levities which were deemed unbecoming her exalted situation.

Mr. Halliday, a passenger in the Gold Hunter, is the bearer of dispatches from Mr. Monroe to the American government.

The new constitution for Germany, has been completed. Its federative system is to consist of two colleges, that of Kings and that of Princes; who are to be supplied by the Emperor of France; they are to assemble at Frankfort on the 1st of September, at which Napoleon is to be present in person. The members of the federation are ten in number, viz. Bavaria, Wirtemberg, Baden, Nassau, Ysemburg, Hohenzollern, Aremberg, Salm and Leyden. In case of an attack, the federation engages to furnish France with 75,000 men; and France 20,000 to the federation. As a measure of caution and safety, the French troops will remain in Germany, until the new system is carried into effect.

OCTOBER 10.

The ship Hudson, captain Tombs, left Liverpool on the 19th of August, but brought no newspapers. A letter of that date (of which the following is an extract) was dispatched to her whilst she lay at the Rock, from a respectable house in Liverpool to another in this city.

"I dispatch this letter in a boat to the Rock, in time for the Hudson. "The Hamburgh mail, just received, brings accounts that Prussia, Germany and Sweden have formed a coalition against France." The above is copied from "*The Observer*," a Sunday paper. I cannot vouch for the truth of it; probably it is only a stockjobbing business."

Baltimore, October 11.

Captain Allen, arrived from Bourdeaux this forenoon, states, that accounts were received at Bourdeaux on the 18th August, that Lord Lauderdale was to leave Paris on the 12th of that month.

James M. Broom, federal, has been re-elected, without opposition, representative of the state of Delaware in the next Congress.

Archibald Van Horne is elected to represent the district of Prince George's and Ann Arundel counties, in the Congress of the United States.

The following gentlemen are chosen for Prince George's county, as delegates to the ensuing legislature:

Francis M. Hall,
Benjamin Hodges,
Henry A. Colles,
Thomas Woodward.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained Licences for the purpose of keeping a

FERRY OVER THE EASTERN BRANCH,

Lower end of South Capitol street, generally known by the name of Barry's Ferry, and having provided himself with strong boats and hands, intends to commence this day, and engages that every possible attention shall be paid to those who please to favor him with their custom.

He has for Sale on his Wharf,

at the place where the Ferry Boat will land, Indian Corn and Meal, Wheat Flour, Bacon, Herrings in barrels, Rum, Brandy, Holland Gin, Cherry Bounce, Whiskey, Molasses, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Salt, Chocolate, Soap, Candles, Queens-ware, coarse Linens, Knives, and sundry other small articles.

JEREMIAH BOOTHE.

Washington, October 1—taw3w

Twenty Dollars Reward.

WILL be given for apprehending and securing in jail a young Mulatto man slave named ANDREW. He was hired by me last year to Mr. Joseph Thomas who keeps the said ferry to alexandria, and absconded from that place about the latter end of August last. He is about 25 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, lusty and well made, has short curly hair, and is frequently subject to have several large pimples on his face. He is reckoned to be a sensible fellow of an easy agreeable address for a man in his low sphere of life. As he has not been heard of by me since his elopement, I suspect he has had the address to ship himself as a freeman on board some vessel either at Alexandria or Baltimore. Whoever takes him up and secures him in jail shall receive from me the above reward, or as soon due information thereof is given to me or to Dr. N. P. Causin at Port Tobacco.

G. S. CAUSIN.

Maryland Charles County,
January 29—wtf