lery echoed them to the remotest corners of the district, for which that worthy citizen Mr. *Stephen Girard* contributed his present of a barrel of powder.

Never did harmony and good humour more completely prevail—& the inconvenience of bad weather and infirmity appeared to be wholly forgotten in the hilarity of the occasion and the gratification of such numbers assembled, congenial in spirit and devoted only to the national honor and liberty. Early in the evening every man returned to his home contentment on his brow, and gladness in his heart.

The Wigwam could not accommodate the whole company inhospitable as was the day, but every room in Mr. Smith's house was crowned; and many for want of accommodation, were prevented from joining in the celebration.

At no former time, and on no public occasion were so many of our democratic citizens seen together around one festive board in this district.

TOASTS.

1. The day—it commemorates a triumph over federalism and anglicism—May it prove only the precursor of uniform victory.—*Three guns.*

2. The people—Alternately courted and contemned by conspirators—May they henceforth shun the sycophant as an imposter, and measure contempt to those who disregard them.—*Four guns.*

3. The constitution of the United States—It was formed to secure union—May it be amended to preserve liberty.—*Two guns.*

4. The representatives of the people—The will and the power in them to do justice, and a responsibility in them to their sovereign which shall command and enforce obedience.—*Two guns.*

5. The president of the United States—His labours have been devoted to his country—May they be continued until the temple of *liberty* shall be cleared of perfidious friends as well as open enemies.—*Three guns*

6. The democrats of the first congressional district—By energy and union they triumphed—May this continue their motto and every election will give to them a jubilee.—*Three guns.*

7. The warfare of negociation and custom house—The blood of freemen is more precious than that of monarchs—May it never be shed until pacific means shall fail of redress.—*Two guns.*

8. The Floridas—Millions for fair purchase, not a cent for wanton war.—*Two guns.*

9. The elective franchise—The brightest gem of liberty—May he who considers and treats it as a bauble meet a punishment equal to the Athenian Ostracism.—*Three guns.*

10. Our deluded democratic brethren—The embrace of good fellowship to the mistaken, but the finger of scorn to time-servers & apostates.—*Two guns.*

11. The press—Its freedom is our safety, tyrants and traitors dread and seek to fetter it, and to them may it point the daggers of an accusing conscience.—*Three guns.*

12. The militia—Arms, discipline and an effective system our best security in peace, and our best defence in war.—*Three guns.*

13. Education—Ignorance favors oppression, may every freeman be taught, that none may be oppressed.—*Two guns.*

14. Our judicial code—Laws for the citizen and not alone for the bench and the bar; and an exchange of the barbarous jargon and usages of a foreign monarchy, for the plain principles and common sense of our republic.—*Three guns.*

15. The trial by jury—As it ought to be, a blessing; as it too often is, a curse; may we soon have a change of mode, or a change of men.—*Two guns.*

16. The constitution of Pennsylvania—May it be a charter to protect our rights, not a text or pretext to infringe them—*Two guns.*

17. The world a republic, and a millenium to man—*Four guns.*

VOLUNTEERS.

George Clinton and our democratic brethren of New York—May next April afford them a triumph over Burrism, quiddism and federalism.

The Lex talionis—May we retaliate by land on those who plunder us at sea.

The American Union, the only hope of freedom and only asylum for the oppressed—May the intriguer who attempts its division meet with the fate of Sejanus.

The memory of the illustrious Franklin—May every son of freedom walk in his footsteps.

The ocean a common highway—May he who infests it be considered as *hostis humani generis*, and all nations combine in avenging the violation of a national law.

A Yankee suit of broad cloth of the fashion of 1775, to the violator of the laws and policy of America in 1806 and 7.

Public execration and removal from office, to those servants of the people who shall dare to countenance or connive at a violation of non-importation law.

National honor—May the injuries and wrongs which we have experienced from Britain be retaliated by the means we possess.

The piracy on the ocean, by exclusion from our ports.

The exorbitant duties on our ships and produce, beyond these levied on those of other nations, by a transcript adoption of the navigation law.

The impressment of American citizens—by the imprisonment of an equal number of Englishmen as hostages till our citizens are restored.

Mercantile honor—as the oppressions of the British government have rendered defensive measures necessary, may our custom-house officers prove by their fidelity to their country that the citizens of a republic are not to be bought like the slaves of kings.

British goods—as they have abused the right of search, may our custom-houses discharge their duty without favor or abuse on every *bale* and *package*.

May the more exalted of the servants of the people set an example of obedience to the constitution and laws of the land.

May the smuggling of sir Alexander M'Kenzie, become a *warning* and not a *precedent*.

The sovereign people—May they as in 1775, be always ready to second and sustain the public officers who are faithful to their country.

Paulding, Williams, & Vanwert—The faithful militia men, who withstood bribes, detected *British emissaries*, frustrated American treason, and rendered glory to themselves and security to their country.

A speedy return to the enjoyment of the blessings of the British government to every enemy of American peace, prosperity, liberty and independence.

The *auxiliaries* of public virtue, execration and public odium to all who are her enemies.

Domestic prosperity—May the mechanics and artisans of every branch, form themselves into societies for aiding the officers of government in enforcing the laws.

The next session of congress—May the artifices of speculators and intrigers, be frustrated by the co-operation of really virtuous men in maintaining the rights and independence of their common country.

May congress never be duped by distinctions without a difference—If American property is plundered on the ocean, may we retaliate on the land.

AT THE THEATRE.

MR MANFREDI,

On FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 21st,
AT THE
WASHINGTON THEATRE.

The Performance will commence,
With a SPANISH DANCE by the Little American.

Dancing on the Tight Rope.

A dance in character, with the balance pole by Miss LOUISA.

Miss CATHERINE will dance a Hornpipe on the rope—after which a serious dance.

A grotesque dance, by Madam MANFREDI—the moving board—she will dance without putting her feet on the rope, with the balance pole,—and play a handsome air on the Mandoline, on the rope, without it.

After which the combat of the two flags, by Mr. and Mrs. MANFREDI on the rope.

The Coffee dance. Mr. Manfredi will dance with two baskets tied to his feet—after which with two boys in the same manner, without the balance pole. He will beat the drum, perform the curious feat of the cloak, play the French horn, and jump backward and forward over a handkerchief.

TUMBLING AGILITY
OF THE
CHILDREN,
Who will perform several Feats on the Carpet in the Italian style.

Extraordinary Feats of the Tumblers, who will throw somersets, backwark and forward over tables and chairs.—Ground tumbling, with english and Spanish dances.

The Egyptian PYRAMIDS.

Mr. Manfredi will balance several persons on his arms, legs, &c. shewing several perspectives in the Roman style. He will dance a Spanish FANDANGO over several EGGS.

Miss Catherine will dance a HORNPIPE.

The whole to conclude with a PANTOMINE,
CALLED
Harlequin Protected,
AN
ENGLISH DOG.

Harlequin,	Miss Catherine.
Clown,	Mr. Manfredi.
Old man,	Miss Louisa.
Columbine,	Mrs. Manfredi.
Little Devil,	The Little American.
Magician,	Mr. Menel.

In the course of the performance Harlequin will make a great variety of changes in his dress with great facility.

PERFORMANCES ON MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, & FRIDAY.

The doors to be opened at FIVE, and performance to begin at Half past SIX.

Admittance—BOX ONE DOLLAR—PITT SEVENTY FIVE CENTS.

The place will be made comfortable by stoves.

☞ No Segars to be smoaked during the performance

Nov 21.—

RUNAWAY NEGRO.

Committed to the jail of Washington county, Maryland, as a runaway, Charles Bowman, alias Charles Butler, about 35 years old, five feet 5 or 6 inches high, his complexion a dark mulatto, his clothes which he wears, are a striped cotton short coat, checked cotton trowsers, and a coarse brown linen shirt. He has other clothes with him, and has a dark spot on his nose. His owner is desired to release him or he will be sold for his jail fees agreeably to law.

N. ROCHESTER Sheriff of Washington County.

November 7, 1806—3tw

WASHINGTON CITY.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21.

It is alleged that trade has not been duly protected by the present administration; that its protection required a resort to two measures, the one an increased navy, and the other a more efficient fortification of our ports and harbors.

There are but two ways in which, to test the justness of this allegation. The one consists in considering in the abstract the size of the naval force required by our circumstances and the scale on which the fortifications of our ports and harbors ought to be graduated; the other in determining whether the present administration have not as liberally provided for these objects as their predecessors.

The first point is extremely difficult of solution. The opinions entertained in the U. States, with regard to the extent to which a naval force should be created, are too indefinite to establish a criterion, and yet public opinion seems to be the only correct arbiter to which to appeal in such a case. A complete protection of trade against the marauders of the ocean has not even been dreamt of; nor has any man determined in what degree we ought to attempt it. The almost universal opinion of the nation has been that it was not expedient to go farther than to maintain a force that should keep in subjection the pirates of the Mediterranean, and secure our own territory from the unauthorised outrages of the European powers.

A difficulty, nearly as great, has attended the decision to what extent it is politic to defend our ports and harbors. It has been said, not perhaps incorrectly, that the placing them in a complete state of defence would cost twenty millions, and that to keep them in such a state would require annually an additional million. Calculating the interest of the former sum at one million two hundred thousand dollars, and adding this to the annual million, the effect would be the increase of the national debt to the amount of twenty millions, and the augmentation of our annual taxes to the extent of two millions two hundred thousand dollars a year. This would involve the imposition of a new tax on the great body of the people equal to one fifth part of the whole amount of taxes at present paid by them on imported goods. There is no man in the community quixotic enough to urge a measure which would have this effect. But why, it is enquired, not annually appropriate a much smaller sum, which would put our harbors in a better state of defence than they are now in. As a small sum is annually appropriated to this object, the enquiry must refer to a sum considerably larger than that appropriated. I answer that this measure would be attended with great, perhaps insuperable difficulties.

If it were applied in large masses to particular districts, so as to afford to the ports within them a complete protection, would not the other parts of the union justly clamor against it? And if it were equally divided among the several states, from what we have just stated, it would be inadequate to the object, and would consequently involve a prodigal waste of the public treasure. Notwithstanding the large sums of money expended, a crisis in our affairs would not fail to expose the inadequacy of our fortifications, and subject us to derision and humiliation. It is indeed but too probable that in proportion to the extent of our fortifications would be our temerity in courting danger, and that they would in fact expose us to an increase of perils. It is from these, and other considerations equally obvious, that that policy has been considered extremely questionable, which led us prematurely to attempt, what we were incompetent to do effectually. Many have thought that true policy recommended our standing on humble ground, until our strength enabled us to punish those who wronged us, thus in their opinion ensuring the earliest arrival of that state of manhood that would justify us in putting forth our full strength.

But whatever insuperable difficulties may attend this branch of the discussion, we have no difficulty in saying in regard to the remaining point, that the present administration have as liberally provided for the maintenance of a naval force and the fortification of our ports and harbors as their predecessors. The facts on which this allegation is founded we have always laid before the public.

MASSACHUSETTS ELECTION.

Representatives to the 10th Congress.

ESSEX NORTH DISTRICT.

	Kittredge.	*Livermore.*
In our last,	179	536
Reading,	42	42
Rowley,	18	80
Bradford,	14	21
Haverhill,	45	66
Salisburg,	6	23
Topsfield,	14	56
Amesbury, *(small maj. for Kittredge)*		

CUMBERLAND DISTRICT

	Isley.	*Whitbill.*
Portland,	227	516
Standish,	61	42
Paris,	103	23
Hebron,	50	64
Minot,	64	46
Poland,	34	9
New-Gloucester,	67	55
Gray,	63	13
Buckfield,	49	17
Hartford,	38	12
Brunswick,	52	39
North-Yarmouth,	55	224
Falmouth,	149	73
Gorham,	44	61
Cape-Elizabeth,	29	25
Freeport,	101	87
Raymond,	48	—
Scarborough,	63	21
Windham,	6	53
	1338	1174

WORCESTER NORTH DISTRICT.

Hon. Wm. Sedman, (fed.) re-elected by a reduced majority.

WORCESTER SOUTH DISTRICT.

The returns from 18 towns in this District stands thus:—For Edward Bangs, esq. the Republican candidiate 1117—Hon. Jabez Upham, 1304.

There are no doubts of the re-election of the hon. Ebenezer Seaver, in Norfolk district, and of Gen. Varnum, in Middlesex—and the Centinel says "it is expected Mr. Deane (Rep.) has succeeded, by a small majority, in Bristol.

New York, Nov. 17.

The ship New Guide, captain Hall, in 48 days from Liverpool, was below last evening when this paper was put to press. The passengers came up in the pilot boat Throne, but brought no newspapers or letters. They inform us that she sailed on the 28th of September, and has on board London papers to the 26th. We shall probably receive these papers in the course of this morning. In the meanwhile we can assure the readers of the Mercantile Advertiser that no political movement of consequence had taken place since the date of our former advices. The death of Mr. Fox has occasioned some new arrangements in the British ministry: lord Howick succeeds that illustrious statesman as minister for foreign affairs; and Mr. Thomas Grenville fills the office of first lord of the admiralty, rendered vacant by his lordship's promotion. No other changes have come to our knowledge.

Of Lord Lauderdale the London papers cannot afford us any information: we know he was in Paris on the 28th of September. But the passengers in the New Guide mention it, as a prevailing opinion in England, that Peace would not be the result of his mission.

November 18.

The ship New Guide has not yet come up; nor any letters or papers been received.

NOTICE.

By order of the Orphan's Court of Prince Georges county, will be exposed at public sale on Tuesday the 16th day of December next at the Dwelling plantation of the late JOHN BADEN, of Thomas, a part of the personal estate of the said deceased, consisting of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Plantation utensils, &c. A credit of six months will be given. Bonds with good security will be required, on interest from the day of sale.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock.

CLEMENT BADEN, } Executors.
JOSEPH N. BADEN, }

November 21—3t

SALE BY AUCTION.

WILL be sold on Saturday the 22nd inst. at 4 o'clock, P. M. a one story frame DWELLING HOUSE on Lot No 4, square 533—the house is subject to ground rent, one half of the purchase money must be cash, and the other half a credit of ninety days will be given the purchaser giving his note with good security.

JOHN STEPHEN, Auct.

November 21—1t

By Saint Mary's County Court, August Term, 1806.

WHEREAS the commissioners appointed on the petition of Samuel Greenwell praying that a commission might issue to ascertain whether the real estate of Martin French late of St. Mary's county deceased would admit of division without injury or loss to the Parties concerned, having made a return stating that on examination of the premises a division would be prejudicial to the parties. And whereas all the representatives of said French having been summoned to appear in the county court aforesaid, to shew cause why the return aforesaid should not be confirmed, except James French, Raphael French, John French and Eleanor French who it is represented reside out of the state, to wit, in the state of Kentucky. It is thereupon ordered that the said James French, Raphael French, John French and Eleanor French appear before the said county court to be held at Leonard town in Saint Mary's county aforesaid on the first Monday in March next to shew cause if any they have, why the aforesaid return should not be confirmed and that notice be given to the said James French, Raphael French, John French and Eleanor French, by a publication of this order in the National Intelligencer once in each week for four weeks successively, three months before the first day of March next.

Teste JOSEPH HARRIS, ck.

November 21—w4t

This is to give notice that the Subscriber hath obtained from the Orphan's court of Prince George's county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Peter Wood, jun late of said county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at or before the first day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this third day of November 1806.

JOHN T. WOOD, Administrator,

November 7—w6t

JAMES S STEVENSON,

Has for Sale at his Drug Store near the Navy Yard.

20 boxes window glass, 8 by 10, and 10 by 12.
12 boxes first quality Spanish segars,
10 boxes do American do.
Spermaceti and linseed oil, and a general assortment of Drugs and Paints, etc.

washington, Nov 5—ew

For Sale.

1 Crate of Liverpool Earthen ware well assorted.
1 Case of Shoes and Boots.
1 Case of bottled London particular Madeira Wine, Martin que Noyau and Catchup
1 Small bale of Cassia
3 Casks of Catalonia and Vidonia Wine.
4 Casks of Gun Powder.
4 Boxes of Boston Chocolate.
1 Chest of fresh Hyson Tea.

Received on consignment and to be sold immediately for Cash or good notes at 60 days.

JOHN GOULDING.

Who has for sale.

Best Spermaceti Candles and oil of the very first manufacture of the United States.

Also on hand as usual,

A choice stock of good old Medeira Wine, Buccelloes, Sherry, Port, Claret, Lisbon and other Wines, Cognac, Bordeaux and Virginia Peach Brandy, Jamaica spirit, Holland Gin Bounce, Whisky &c. Fresh Teas, Porter, Ale &c. &c.—Which will be warranted good and sold at the most reduced prices by whole sale and retail,

JOHN GOULDING.

Georgetown Nov. 18—tf.

AMSTERDAM GIN.

JUST received by the ship WILLIAM MURDOCH direct from Amsterdam.
10 PIPES of the best HOLLAND GIN, for sale by

W. & C. SMITH.

Georgetown, Nov 17—taw3w

By his excellency ROBERT BOWIE Governor of Maryland.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it has been stated to me, by by the petition of number of respectable persons, inhabitants of Prince George's county, that a MURDER hath been committed on the person of CHARLES NEVITT, junior, late of Prince George's county—by a certain negro man, (slave of Basil Soper,) called WALL, who hath since absconded and fled from justice. *And whereas*, it is the duty of the Executive to guard as much as may be against the commission of such enormities, and to bring such offenders against the laws and peace of society to justice. I have therefore thought proper to issue this my *Proclamation*, and do, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, offer a reward of *One Hundred Dollars* to any person or persons who shall apprehend and secure the said negro WALL, in any jail in the United States, so that he be brought to justice.

Given in Council, at the city of Annapolis, under the Seal of the state of Maryland, this sixth day of September, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and six.

ROBERT BOWIE,

By his Excellency's command,

NINIAN PINKNEY,

Clerk of the Council.

Ordered, That the foregoing Proclamation be published once in each week until countermanded, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis; the Federal Gazette and Evening Post, at Baltimore; the Frederick-town Advocate, and in the National Intelligencer, at the City of Washington.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY,

Clerk of the Council.

Sept. 22—wtf.

NOTICE.

IN pursuance of an order from the Orphans Court of Prince George's co. the subscriber will offer for sale, on the 8th day of December at the dwelling place of John Hughs late of said county deceased, (near Magruder's ferry) all the personal estate of the said deceased, consisting of Horses, Cattle, Hogs, Household Furniture, and Plantation Utensils.——The Terms of sale will be a credit of six months, the purchaser, or purchasers giving bond with approved security. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock. The subscriber morever gives notice to all persons having claims against the estate of said Hughs, to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof: and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

WILLIAM WEEMS, Administrator of John Hughs.

November 17—w3t

Twenty Dollars Reward.

WILL be given for apprehending and securing in jail a young Mulatto man slave named ANDREW. He was hired by me last year to Mr. Joseph Thomas who keeps the said le ferry to Alexandria, and absconded from that place about the latter end of August last. He is about 23 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, lusty and well made, has short curly hair, and is frequently subject to have several large pimples on his face. He is reckoned to be a sensible fellow of an easy agreeable address for a man in his low sphere of life. As he has not been heard of by me since his elopement, I suspect he has had the address to ship himself as a freeman on board some vessel either at Alexandria or Baltimore. Whoever takes him up and secures him in jail shall receive from me the above reward, or as from due information thereof is given to me or to Dr. N. P. Causin at Port Tobacco.

G. B. CAUSIN.

Maryland Charles County,
January 29—wtf