WASHINGTON CITY.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9.

Extract of a letter from Judge Rossell, dated Mount Holly, March 1st, to Aaron Kitchell, Esquire.

"In compliance with one of the enclosed resolutions, I with much satisfaction forward the proceedings of a republican meeting, convened at this place, and composed of the greater part of the members of our county court, as well as of a number of other very respectable gentlemen of this county. I beg leave at the same time to express my individual approbation of the meeting at Washington, and of the gentlemen recommended as President and Vice-President of the United States."

At a meeting of republican citizens of the county of Burlington, in the state of New Jersey, held at the house of Joseph Hatkinson, Innkeeper in Mount Holly, on Wednesday the 10th of February, A. D. 1808.

DAVID WRIGHT, Esquire, was appointed chairman, and

ABRAHAM BROWN, Secretary.

When the proceedings of a meeting of the Republican representatives of each House of Congress held at the city of Washington, on the 23d ultimo, for the purpose of recommending persons to the citizens of the United States to fill the offices of President and Vice-President of the U. States being read, it was unanimously

Resolved, As the opinion of this meeting that, at this momentous crisis of our national existence, when foreign enmity joined with internal conspiracy threatens to destroy our liberties, more than ordinary vigilance is necessary to preserve us from the machinations of our enemies—and that, no means more sure to prevent the success of those machinations can be pursued, than to place the government of the country in the hands of men, whose talents fit them for the arduous trust, and whose integrity and attachment to our republican institutions are a security against their improperly using the power delegated to them.

Resolved, As the opinion of this meeting, that the persons recommended to the citizens of the United States by the said meeting, to fill the offices of President and Vice-President, are from their talents, integrity and attachment to the principles of our government, worthy of the trust, and that this meeting highly approves as well the manner in which this recommendation is made, as the persons recommended, and will use all proper means to secure their election.

Resolved, That the honorable Judge Rossell be requested to communicate to the members in Congress from the state of New Jersey, a copy of these resolutions, signed by the Chairman and attested by the Secretary.

DAVID WRIGHT, Chairman.

Attest,

ABRM. BROWN, Secretary.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF KENTUCKY.

JANUARY 22, 1808.

To the President and Congress of the United States.

THE General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky cannot refrain at this important crisis, of an impending foreign war, from manifesting to the constituted authorities of the general government, the feelings with which they are deeply impressed, in recurring to the unprecedented course of measures which has for some time past characterised the belligerent powers of Europe, in their relations with the United States—while they feel anxious to avail themselves of an opportunity to express in decided terms of approbation their concurrence in the arrangement for negociations made by the government they are equally solicitous to announce to the world that they will to the extent of their energies support those principles on which the national honor as an independent people rests; and by the abandonment of which they would deservedly cease to be considered a free people.

The federal government which originated from the free will of the people is congenial to the wishes of the citizens, and is administered with good faith in its connections with the different nations of the earth. But whilst they contemplate the equity of that government, they participate in the just indignation of their constituents at the repeated depredations committed on our lawful commerce, and have waited to hear that our grievances would be atoned for, in a satisfactory manner by adequate reparations. But what has been the astonishment, when, instead of amicable adjustments they see one of the belligerent powers persisting in a system of procrastination, and indecisive negociations injurious to our national dignity, and suffering commercial interests, wherefore

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives that they have the highest confidence in the wisdom, justice and impartiality of the present administration of the general government.

Resolved, That they consider the conduct of one of the belligerent powers in many instances, but more particularly the attack upon the national ship of war Chesapeake as outrageous and insulting in the extreme, and such as in the event of a failure on her part to make honorable reparation calls for such exercise of the energies of government, as will manifest to the belligerent powers of Europe, that the rights of an independent nation are not to be trampled upon with impunity.

Resolved. That whatever measures for vindicating the national honor, the wisdom of the government may prescribe, shall receive the support of our best exertions at the risque of our lives and fortunes.

Resolved, That the governor be requested to forward a copy of the foregoing resolutions to the President of the United States, and to our Senators and Representatives in Congress.

HENRY CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

TH. POSEY, S. S.

Approved, Jan. 27, 1808.

CH. GREENUP, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

By the Governor,

Alfred B. Grayson.

FROM THE AURORA.

A case has been before the supreme court in this city for two days, of a nature as singular as ever came before a court in a free state. The case may be stated in few words.

In 1805, there was an election for sheriff in this city—the law of this state ridiculously requires two candidates to be put on the return—and gives the governor the power to select one from the two returned.

The election, like all others in this state, was conducted with zeal and ardor. The federalists and quids had coalesced, but the democracy succeeded against both, and put their two candidates on the return.

The election took place on the second Tuesday of October—it is customary in such cases with the sheriff elect to proceed with the return, the security, bonds, &c. to the seat of government, accompanied by some friend. The sheriff elect found it a difficult matter to select a person to go with him, who was not likely to excite the well known asperity of the governor.

Several of the most active democrats, as is customary every day, fell in at the book store of the Aurora, and the subject was talked of there like all other political matters; and it was suggested, that the sheriff then in office would be the best person to go with the sheriff elect, as he was considered as the friend of both.

Dr. Leib and Wm. Duane waited on the sheriff elect, to solicit him to go, and he agreed to go, a loose conversation took place between Dr. Leib and the sheriff on the advantage that would derive to the public, in the allaying of party heat, if the governor would for once pay some regard to the public will; many arguments were used in the most calm and liberal manner, to impress this on the sheriff's mind, in which he acquiesced.

The sheriff incumbent, and the sheriff elect, did go to Lancaster—but the governor had given orders that the sheriff elect should not be admitted to his presence, the sheriff in office went alone, and endeavored to impress upon the governor the good effects that would follow.

A suit was instituted in the name of the commonwealth against Dr. Leib and Wm. Duane—for a CONSPIRACY—the foundation of the conspiracy was the conversation with the sheriff, persuading him to go to Lancaster.

The evidence of Mr. Barker, the sheriff that was, and who went with the sheriff elect; expressly stated that there was nothing of conspiracy to his knowledge, and that the whole of their proceeding was of the persuasive kind.

The matter went before a jury on Wednesday, argument yesterday, and the verdict was given after a few minutes by the jury, of *not guilty*.

We do not wish to enter into details upon this subject at this time: but we mean to take it up again—as an extraordinary example of the perversion of the administration of justice, by the institution of iniquitous and vexatious prosecutions, to gratify the malignant and angry passions of men in power.

Dover, (Del.) Feb. 5.

At an appointed meeting of the republican members in both branches of the legislature of the state of Delaware, to take into consideration the nomination of a successor to Mr. Jefferson, as President of the United States.

The meeting appointed JOHN WAY, chairman, and JESSE HIGGINS, secretary.

The following resolutions were then offered and adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this meeting acting for themselves individually, do most cordially approve the selection and nomination made by the republican members of Congress at Washington, on the 23d ult. of James Madison for President, as successor of the present wise, pacific, illustrious and firm statesman, Thomas Jefferson, and that they do recommend to their constituents, a steady and active support, of the election of the said James Madison, unmoved by misrepresentation, and unshaken by the plans of division, which their opponents so artfully employ.

Resolved also, That this meeting do highly approve the selection of the venerable soldier and patriot, general George Clinton, as Vice-President, and recommend him to the support of their constituents.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Aurora.

JOHN WAY, Chairman.

JESSE HIGGINS, Sec'ry.

New York, March 4.

General Moreau arrived at New-Orleans on the 22d of January, and was to take passage from thence in a few days for Charleston. His lady, according to accounts received by the Pamptico, was detained at Bordeaux, without being permitted to proceed to Paris to make the family arrangements which her mother's death had rendered indispensable. Accordingly, she was settling her affairs at Bordeaux as well as circumstances would allow her to do, and she intended to take passage in one of the first vessels for New York.

Portland, Feb. 25.

On Monday last, arrived at this port, brig Delaware, Theophilus Storer, master, 39 days from St. Andero, (Spain.) Mr. Amasa Lincoln, (first mate) informs, that a confirmation of the French Decree for the capture of all neutrals who should speak with British ships of war, was received from Mr. Erving, the American Minister, previous to the brig's departure; and that a circular was also received from Mr. Erving, requesting all American vessels to sail immediately, in consequence of an expected embargo. An American vessel had been carried into Bayonne and condemned under the force of the above mentioned decree.

STOP THIEF!

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REward. Deserted the service of the subscriber a person who called himself WILLIAM RANDLE, but whose proper name I have since been informed is *WILLIAM RIDDLE*, who was intrusted with the sum of about eight hundred and seven dollars, to pay in the city of Philadelphia, to the agents of the subscriber. The said William Riddle is a stout portly person, about five feet 10 or 11 inches high, dark complexion, heavy eye brows, large black eyes, a down look, speaks slow, a lisp in his pronunciation, a surly look, dark hair cut short, last fall he had a sore thumb on his left hand, the scar of which may yet be seen lengthways of the thumb. He took with him, one pair of ash colored half worn patent cord pantaloons, one waistcoat, yellow ground, with spots in the form of a leaf, one dark blue new coatee, the lining of the sleeves of white dowlas, gilt buttons, one new yellow ground fancy vest with pearl buttons, flannel lining, single breasted, one new fashion castor hat, some new cambrick muslin shirts, one flag handkerchief with his name marked with white silk, one pair of common worsted whitish stockings, one new pair of woollen mittins spotted red and light blue, one pair of new Suwarrow boots. When he left my service on the 23d Feb. in Philadelphia he bought himself for 90 dollars, a chesnut sorrel horse about eight years old, 15 and an half hands high. bob tail, a small star on his forehead, his off fore hoof white, and a little shorter than the other occasioned by his being corked, hind legs white about half way up to his grambles, and bone-sparvin in them both, carries very well both head and tail, and very natural to his canter, new saddle and bridle. Said William Riddle said that he had been born and raised in Sussex county, about twelve miles from Easton in Northampton, and is supposed to be about twenty-seven or thirty years of age—also, on my credit, 26 yards of Irish linen, at 6s a yard, 12 pair of men's stockings of an inferior quality 6 pair of cotton do, at 6s a pair, 12 pair of suspenders. He wore, himself, a pair of leather suspenders with four separate springs in front price marked on 4s. or 4s. 6d. He also had a new suit of cloaths made for him in Philadelphia. Also had with him a pair of saddle bags, black thin leather.

Whoever secures the said William Riddle, so that he may be brought to justice, shall receive the above reward and all reasonable expenses.

NICHOLAS NELIGH.

Allen's township, Northampton county,

March 9.—6t.

STATEMENT OF EXPORTS

The produce and manufacture of the United States, commencing the first October, 1806, and ending the 30th Sept. 1807.

SPECIES OF MERCHANDIZE		Quantity or value.
Fish, dried or smoaked,	quintals	473,924
Pickled,	barrels	57.621
Ditto,	Kegs	13,743
Oil, Spermaceti,	gallons	44,339
Whale & other fish,	do.	932 797
Whalebone,	pounds	104.635
Spermaceti candles	do.	172,132
Wood, Staves & headings,	M.	37,701
Shingles,	do.	76,890
Hoops & poles,	do.	5,621
Boards, plank and scantling,	M. feet	79.424
Hewn timber,	tons	48,855
Lumber of all kinds,	dollars	90 469
Masts and Spars,	do.	21,084
Oak bark and other dye,	do.	19,064
All manufactures of Wood,	do.	191,792
Naval stores, Tar,	barrels	59.282
Pitch,	do.	5.099
Rosin,	do.	3 802
Turpentine,	do.	33,451
Ashes, Pot,	tons	5,852
Pearl,	do.	2,773
Skins and furs,	dollars	851,609
Ginseng,	pounds	368.207
Beef,	barrels	84.209
Pork,	do.	39 [illegible]74
Hams and bacon,	lbs.	1,311,246
Tallow,	do.	53 115
Butter,	do.	1.963 480
Cheese,	do.	879 697
Lard,	pounds	1,815,998
Hides,	number	4,801
Horned cattle.	do.	8,148
Horses,	do.	4,750
Mules,	do.	704
Sheep,	do.	5,698
Hogs,	do.	1,831
Poultry,	dozens	2,951
Wheat,	bushs.	1,173,144
Indian corn,	do.	612,421
Rye,	do.	6,650
Oats,	do.	65.277
Barley,	do.	4,893
Buckwheat,	do.	66
Beans,	do.	22,226
Peas,	do.	25,891
Potatoes,	do.	97,694
Apples,	barrels	9,327
Flour,	do.	1,249,819
Meal, Rye,	do.	29,067
Indian,	do.	136,460
Buckwheat,	do.	30
Ship stuff,	cwt.	2,520
Biscuit or ship bread,	barrels	102,431
Ditto,	kegs	57,157
Rice,	tierces	94,692
Indigo,	pounds	18,097
Cotton, sea island,	do.	8,926,011
Other,	do.	55,018,448
Tobacco,	hhds.	62,232
Flaxseed,	bushels	301,242
Hops,	pounds	20,492
Mustard,	do.	3,817
Wax,	do.	818,636
Household furniture,	dolls.	113,571
Coaches, and other carriages,	do.	25,390
Hats,	do.	89,653
Saddlery,	do.	14,253
Beer, Porter & cider, in casks,	gallons	185,559
in bottles,	dozens	10,794
Boots,	pairs	8,033
Shoes, Silk,	do.	4,068
Leather,	do.	119 464
Candles, Tallow,	lbs.	1,562,847
Wax,	do.	361
Soap,	do.	2,317,398
Starch,	do.	24 870
Hair powder,	do.	2,483
Snuff,	do.	46,077
Tobacco manufactured,	do.	228 875
Leather,	do.	336.414
Maple & other brown sugar,	do.	17,400
Bricks.	M.	837
Spirits from grain,	galls.	32,767
Bark, essense,	do	25
Linseed oil,	do.	5,037
Spirits of turpentine,	do.	8,146
Canvas & sail cloth,	pieces	100
Cable & cordage,	cwt.	6,745
Card, Wool & cotton,	doz.	2,007
Iron, Pig,	tons.	114
Bar,	do.	132
Nails,	lbs.	336,321
Castings,	dolls.	55,394
All other manufactures of iron and steel,	do.	41,239
Spirits from molasses	galls.	765 916
Sugar, refined,	lbs.	122 586
Chocolate,	do.	11.589
Gunpowder,	do.	80,287
Copper or brass and copper manufactured	dolls.	12,742
Medicinal drugs,	do.	16,724
Merchandise and other articles not enumerated, Manufactured,	do.	289,092
Raw produce,	do.	178,740
Total value of the foregoing statement	dolls.	48,699,592

A SUMMARY

Of the value of the Exports from each State.

	Domestic.	Foreign.	TOTAL.
New-Hampshire,	365,95[illegible]	314 072	680,022
Vermont,	148,469	55,816	204.285
Massachusetts,	6,185,748	13,926 377	20,112,125
Rhode-Island,	741,988	915 576	1,657,564
Connecticut,	1,519,083	105,644	1,624,727
New-York,	9,957,416	16,400,547	26 357,963
New-Jersey,	36,063	5,123	41,186
Pennsylvania,	4,809 616	12 055,128	16,864 744
Delaware,	77,695	151,580	[illegible]
Maryland,	4 016 699	10,283,285	14 [illegible],984
* Ditrict of Columbia,	1,363 352	83 026	1,446 378
Virginia,	4,393,521	367,713	4,761,234
North-Carolina,	740,93[illegible]	4,229	745 162
South-Carolina,	7,129 365	3,783,199	10,91[illegible] 564
Georgia,	3,710,776	34,069	3 744 845
Ohio,	28,889		28,889
† Territory of the U. States,	* 3 474,029	1,159,174	4,63[illegible] 203
Total,	48.699,592	59 643 558	108 [illegible] 150
* Georgetown,	259,959	4 557	264 516
Alexandria,	1,103,393	78.469	1,181 862
Total,	1,363 352	83 026	1,446 378
† Michigan,	311,947		311 947
New Orleans,	3,161,381	1,159 174	4,320,555
Mississippi, (Mobille,)	701		701
Total,	3,474 0[illegible]	1,159 174	4,633 [illegible]03

FOUND,

On Saturday last, a Lady's gold *EAR RING*, strung with Coral, about a mile and a half beyond FOXALL'S WORKS. The owner is desired to apply for it at the office of the National Intelligencer.

March 9—

NOTICE.

THE Purchasers of property at the sales of the late Mr. Richard Cramphin's effects, are hereby notified that the creditors of the deceased are becoming urgent and pressing for a settlement of their claims, and that it is the wish of the subscriber to make a dividend amongst them as early as possible after the collection of his estate, they are therefore respectfully informed, that the subscriber for the conveniency of collection, will attend at William Ross's tavern in Bladensburg on the 10th & 11th days of March next, (at which time their bonds all become due and when it is hoped they will be all punctually taken up.

THOMAS BOWIE, Adm'r. of Richard Cramphin.

March 9—2t

THE Subscriber sets out in the course of seven or eight days for the state of Tennessee, and offers his services to transact business in that country on moderate terms. Any application being left with captain Sewell of Georgetown ferry in the course of the present week will be attended to and the applicant waited upon if in Georgetown, Washington or Alexandria, when the necessary recommendations will be exhibited.——Please enquire of the Printer.

W. BALL.

March 2—3t

THE COMMISSIONERS

APPOINTED under the act of the Congress of the United States, "Authorising the *ERECTION* of a *BRIDGE* over the RIVER POTOMAC, within the *District of Columbia*" to receive Subscriptions for erecting the same, hereby give notice that the BOOKS of *SUBSCRIPTION*, will be opened at *Stelle's Hotel* in the city of Washington, on the 1st *Monday* in *April* next, between the hours of 12 at noon, and 3 P. M.

ROBERT BRENT,
DANIEL CARROLL, of Duddington,
THOMAS MUNROE,
JAMES D. BA[illegible]AY,
FREDERI[illegible] H. SMITH,
SAM[illegible]
[illegible]NAH THOMPSON,
JONATHAN SWIFT,
THOMAS VOWELL,
CUTHBERT POWELL,
ELISHA JANNEY,
CHARLES ALEXANDER.

THE act of Congress authorises the Suscription of *Two Thousand Shares*, and requires the payment of Ten dollars on each share at the time of subscription. The residue to be paid in Instalments of Ten dollars at such times as the company shall fix.

FORM of Power required from those who make use of an agent.

I empower ———— to subscribe for me, in my name, for ——— shares of Potomac Bridge stock, under the "Act authorising the erection of a bridge over the river Potomac, within the district of Columbia."

February 19—