tended with no salutary effects, but rather tend to embarrass the government, excite irritation, and promote division, already too apparent. We do not therefore deem it our duty to call the inhabitants of Salem together to deliberate on the subject, unless urged to the measure by our own townsmen, according to the provisions of the law.

We are respectfully your friends and humble servants.

Selectmen of Salem.
John Hathorne,
Moses Townsend,
George S. Johonnet,
Joseph Ropes.

Salem, Aug. 12, 1808.

Boston, August 13.

The following DISSENT to the proceedings of the town of Boston, is in circulation, and has been signed by a number of respectable citizens. It is published to shew there is no secrecy in the business.

TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

We the subscribers, citizens of the town of Boston, impressed with a sense of the danger to which our country is exposed, in consequence of the decrees and orders of the British and French nations, cannot but view with deep concern the adoption of measures which may embarrass the constituted authorities in executing those laws which are calculated to counteract their operation.

Impressed with these sentiments, we cannot but DISSENT from this hasty procedure of the town of Boston, on the 9th inst. in their address to the President of the United States, apprehending it will have a serious tendency to frustrate those measures which the government have thought fit to adopt as the most mild and efficacious to obtain a redress from the injuries we suffer from the belligerent powers.

Desirous of maintaining the PEACE and COMMERCE of our country upon the fair principles of neutrality, we conceive it most advisable to submit those important objects to the legitimate authority, rather than by an improper interference to weaken those energies which are contemplated to restore our commerce and protect our injured seamen.

War we deprecate as an evil of the most distressing nature—every principle of sacred policy urges us to avoid, if possible, this calamity.—We flatter ourselves that a strict adherence to the laws of government will have the most salutary effect to prolong the tranquility of the United States, and defend our national honor from outrage and violence.

We cannot, however, but regret, that a *systematic plan* appears to be adopted to excite a distrust, and resentment against individuals composing the present administration, *and under the fallacious plea of removing the EMBARGO,* attempts are making to effect a *radical change of political principles* within the EXECUTIVE branch of the government at the ensuing election.

We therefore with the most cordial wishes for the happiness and prosperity of the U. States, offer the foregoing DISSENT to the address adopted by the town of Boston on the 9th inst.

We do not charge the majority with improper motives in voting for the address, but we fear some individuals not friendly to the general interest have surprised many into the measure.

Boston, Aug. 11th, 1808.

A paper for signature is left at the Chronicle office, and at Doctor Nayes' which probably will be closed *to-morrow evening at 6 o'clock*; and, as the subject tends to give support to government, (in opposition to a party who are deceiving the citizens in order to bring them into difficulty) we expect a large number of names will be added. The question is, whether we prefer WAR to the EMBARGO. The country towns which act on the question of the Embargo, we hope will procure the dissent of the BOSTON REPUBLICANS, and adopt a similar measure. Depend on it, the YEOMANRY had better confide in Congress, than in the ESSEX JUNTO.

APPOINTMENT.

By the President of the U. States.

Gen. JOHN STEEL, of Lancaster, collector of the customs, for the port of Philadelphia, vice Gen. Shee, deceased. *Phil. paper.*

FROM THE LOUISIANA COURIER.

Appointments.—Philip Grymes of Virginia, attorney for the U. States in the territory of Orleans.

Samuel Croudson of Orleans, naval officer for the port of New-Orleans.

John Coburn of Kentucky, one of the judges of the territory of Louisiana.

The *Statesman*, a new Republican paper, just commenced in Newburyport, Mass. says—

"For the information of our Republican friends we state, that the *good old cause of '76* is increasing in Newburyport notwithstanding the arts of of Lord *Lexington* and company to quench it; and the day, we believe, is not far distant, when we shall be able to convince the world that Newburyport is "*absolved from her allegiance*" to a detested JUNTO."

New-York.

Federal delegates from the eastern and southern states have arrived in this city. It is said that the long protracted COMPROMISE is about to take place, in order to give a "*successor*" to Mr. Jefferson!

There is strong reason to believe that "the great men behind the curtain," have lately been closeted together for the purpose of organizing a system of *Espionage*. Citizens, beware of spies and informers.—*Mark them!*—*Pub. Advertiser.*

It having been stated in the Atlantic papers, that the seat of government of this territory was removed from this city, we correct the error. The legislature passed a resolution to *remove the seat of government hence,* but on putting it to vote *where it should be removed to,* there appeared a majority in favor of its remaining in N. Orleans.—*N. O. Gazette.*

Extract of a letter from Bordeaux, dated 6th of May, per brig Stephen.

"A Decree is expected to be issued to permit all American vessels that have cleared out since the embargo, to enter the ports of France."

Norfolk, Aug. 15.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

We have been favored with London papers, received by the British brig Two Brothers, captain Vibert, in 49 days from Jersey. Our last advices were to the 11th June. We have received by this vessel the Country Herald, (a London weekly paper) of the eleventh and eighteenth June. It does not appear that any thing of importance had transpired between the 11th and 18th. Such articles as have been deemed worthy of notice will be found in this day's paper.

The information respecting a rupture between the Emperor of Austria, and France, is important, if true, but it is too lightly noticed, to be entitled to belief, although we should not consider such an event improbable. The few powers that retain any portion of independence must be satisfied from the example of Spain, that the only possible chance of escaping slavery, is by resistance.

IRISH CATHOLICS. Upon two recent occasions, it was discovered the temper of Parliament had undergone a considerable change respecting the Catholics of Ireland. On a division in the House of Lords upon the Catholic petition, there appeared Contents 74—Non Contents 101.

In the House of Commons on a motion of Sir John Newport, "that a person being of the Catholic religion, should be deemed eligible to become governor or deputy governor of the Bank of Ireland, if otherwise qualified, &c." the motion was lost only by a majority of three.

Sales at auction in London of American produce, the latter end of May, 204 hogsheads of Virginia tobacco from 6 1-4 to 8 1-2d sterling per lb. 71 hhds. Maryland, 6 1-2 to 5-8; 17 hhds. Strip leaf, 6 1-8 to 9 2-8; 365 casks of Carolina rice, 40s. 6d. per cwt. Hogshead staves sold from 29l. 15s. to 30l. 5s. per M. Barrel ditto from 22l. 15s. to 23l. 15s. per M. American flour is quoted on the 11th of June from 40s. to 43s. per barrel. Premiums of insurance to and from the United States, and to and from Great-Britain on American vessels 5 guineas per cent. all risks 6 to 7. American vessels are insured to ports on the continent of Europe and back to Great-Britain, warranted free of seizure in port from 25 to 35 per cent. *N. Ledger.*

New-York, Aug. 17.

FROM HAVANNA.

We learn by the passengers in the ship Vigilant, Clay, arrived yesterday, that the Governor of Havanna had succeed in forming a supreme council consisting of the following classes:—Nobility, clergy, merchants, planters, and patricians, or the respectable natives of the island. The governor is President of the council. A proclamation had been issued, ordering all Frenchmen not naturalized to leave the island; and several of them came passengers in the Vigilant. They were permitted to take their property with them. The reason assigned for this measure was, to prevent disturbances with the populace, who might have sacrificed them to their fury. Several British ships of war had put in there with dispatches.

The passengers further inform that reports, via Jamaica (by a smuggler from Cuba), say, that Bonaparte had permitted Ferdinand the 7th to return to Spain—that all the French troops in Portugal had been destroyed: also many of them in Spain. The Grand Duke of Berg requested 120,000 men should be sent to Madrid immediately. The Senatus Consultum had been ordered to call out the conscription of 1810; who refused, and demanded of the emperor the troops already in Spain, and ordered him to Paris:—where some riots had occurred, by pulling downs the pictures and busts of Bonaparte, &c. &c. Another report mentioned, that an English fleet had been seen passing Lisbon, with nine sail of French ships as prizes.

Extract of a letter from our Correspondent, dated Havanna, August 1, 1808.

A Col. Williamson, formerly of our state, has arrived in the last vessel, as commissioner on the part of the British government, with dispatches from England, Cadiz, and the governor of Jamaica. He has several other officers in his suite.

San Lorenzo, a 74, is fitting out here to take a commission of three, from thence to Vera Cruz, and Mexico—in which they will probably be be joined by the British now here. Accounts from that quarter lately received, state it to be favorably disposed to the new state of things.

The late news from Europe has exhilerated the spirits of the people here to a height which is shewing itself in a variety of instances. An order was issued the other day for the departure of all the French residents from the island; and the poor creatures are now flocking on board every barque in which they can obtain a passage. Hundreds of them with large families who had been established here in their trades and other useful occupations, caressed by the government whilst Bonaparte reigned, are now driven off with almost savage ferocity. This new alliance with England will not operate much in favor of the United States. They already view you as *of no account*. Protected by the British they can get their provisions from Mexico, and their merchandize from Spain and and England. Two United States Gun-boats, Nos. 65 and 66—put in yesterday on their way to New Orleans, for refreshments. The boarding officer told them they could not come on shore, nor be boarded from the shore till permission from the governor, which was not sent till eight o'clock, and then by a common bomb boat!! I have this from the officers themselves, who have in consequence declined waiting upon any of the officers of the goverment and after taking some water will sail again to-morrow.

What adds to the aggravation of the above neglect is that the captains and people of two New-Providence privateers, at anchor alongside the gun boats, had been immediately (the day before) permitted to come on shore, and were parading the street with every kind of indecent and noisy behavior.

MARRIED—At New Iberie, Territory of Orleans, on the 9th June, by the Right Rev. Father Isabaye, *Nathan Morse,* Esq. attorney at law, of New-Jersey, to Miss *Martha C. Nichols,* daughter of Edward Church Nichols, Esq. formerly of the state of Maryland.

BY AUTHORITY.

AN ACT

To open and improve Seventeenth street west from F street, to the wharf on the Potomac, for extending said wharf, and for opening and improving Maryland Avenue.

SEC. 1. BE *it enacted by the First and Second Chambers of the City Council of Washington,* That the sum of one thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated, for the purposes of extending a platform or slip of twenty-five feet wide from the south end of Seventeenth street west, as far out as said sum of money may be found sufficient to complete the same, and for opening and improving Seventeenth street west from F street to said wharf.

Sec. 2. *Be it further enacted,* That said sum of one thousand dollars be expended upon said object under the direction of three commissioners to be appointed by the Mayor.

Sec. 3. *Be it further enacted,* That said sum of one thousand dollars be paid by the treasurer to the orders of said commissioners, countersigned by the Mayor.

Sec. 4. *Be it further enacted,* That the commissioners shall perform the duties herein specified without receiving any compensation therefor, and shall each give a bond in the penalty of five hundred dollars, for the faithful discharge of the duties herein required.

Sec. 5. *Be it further enacted,* That the sum of one thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated, for the purpose of opening and improving Maryland Avenue, from Seventh street west, to Seventh street east.

Sec. 6. *Be it further enacted,* That the said sum of one thousand dollars be paid out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, August 13th, 1808.

AN ACT

For the relief of John C. Shindel.

BE *it enacted by the First and Second Chambers of the City Council of Washington,* That for reimbursing John C. Shindle any expences that may have been incurred by him on account of the corporation of the city of Washington in his capacity as sealer of weights and measures, the sum of twelve dollars and thirty-seven cents be, and the same is hereby appropriated: but he shall not be entitled to receive the same, until he shall have satisfied the Mayor of the city that he has actually incurred and paid such expenses on account of the city.

Approved, August 18th, 1807.

PROPOSALS

Will be received at this Office until the 5th day of September next, inclusive, for carrying Mails of the United States, on the following route, viz.

FROM Danville in Virginia, by Hunter's, Lexington, Salisbury, Beattie's Ford, Lincolnton, Caruth's, Burrtown, Spartanburg, Greenville c. h. Pickensville, Pendleton c. h. Hardinville and Daniel's to Athens, once a week—estimated distance, 334 miles.

Leave Danville every Wednesday at 5 A. M. and arrive at Athens the next Saturday, by 10 A. M.

Leave Athens every Saturday at 2 P. M. and arrive at Danville the next Tuesday by 9 P. M.

If the depending mail shall not have arrived at the hours fixed for departure; the contractor shall be bound to wait for it not exceeding six hours, and in such case, shall be allowed the same number of hours to arrive at the opposite point subsequently to the times stipulated.

The contract is to commence on the 1st day of December next, and continue until the 31st day of March 1811.

The contractor will be subject to the usual penalties for delays and failures.

General Post-Office, August 18, 1808—1aw

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of JOHN B. MEDLEY, deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 19th day of March next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand the 19th day March, 1808.

PETER BOUIC, Exr.

August 22—3t

SALE AT AUCTION.

ON Monday the 5th September, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, (if fair, if not the next fair day) will be sold at the house of Richard Harrison near George Town, on the Frederic road—

HOUSE OLD & KITCHEN FURNITURE.

ALSO,

A strong, well finished, Philadelphia built CARRIAGE, but little used, with plated mouldings and harness.

Terms of sale—for all sums not exceeding 50 dollars cash; above 50 and not exceeding 100 dollars, ninety days; all sums exceeding 100 dollars, six months credit, the purchasers to give their notes with appoved indorsers, negociable at the Bank of Columbia, or the city of Washington.

JOHN TRAVERS, Auc.

August 22—

To the Creditors of HENRY KRAMER, *deceased.*

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE

THAT the subscriber of the city of Washington hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Washington county district of Columbia, letters of administration on the *Personal Estate* of Henry Kreemer, late of said city, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 12th day of February next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, this 8th day of August in the year of our Lord 1808, and of Independence the 33d.

WM. RHODES, Admr.

August 22—w3t

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The Parents, Friends and Guardians of children in these schools are respectfully informed that Vacation commences this day and will end the first Monday in September.

Washington, Aug. 8—3t

POSTSCRIPT.

The ship Otis arrived at the Lazaretto near Philadelphia, on the 20th instant; left Liverpool on the 10th July, & brings London dates to the 6th of the same month.

The dates from Spain are not later than those received via Norfolk some weeks ago.

Joseph Bonaparte, by the grace of God King of Spain, &c. has issued his proclamation from Bayonne, under date of June 11, enjoining an observance of good order, &c.

The junta convened at Bayonne by Bonaparte, have proceeded to consider the new constitution, &c.

A proclamation was issued by the King of Great-Britain on the 4th of July, declaring peace with Spain, excepting such parts as shall have acknowledged the new sovereign.

Many speculations are indulged by the London editors on the subject of a negociation said to be pending with Russia; and on the fancied success of their arms in Spain.

[Details in our next.]

DANIEL RAPINE,

On Capitol Hill, has just received the following New Books, which he offers FOR SALE *at the lowest possible prices for which they can be purchased at any place in the United States.*

Cruise's digest of the Laws of England respecting *real property*, 5 vols.

Booth on real actions, with references to the English and American authorities.

The Register of arts, or a compendious view of some of the most useful modern discoveries and inventions, by Thomas G. Fessenden.

The American Register; or a general repository of history, politics, and sciences, vol. 2nd for 1807.

Letters from England, by Don M. A. Espriella 2 vols. There is good authority for saying, that this valuable little work is written by Robert Southey.

The Fatal Revenge, 2 vols. by D. J. Murphy.

*** D R. has also just received *Rees' Cyclopedia*, vol. 8, part 2nd—Subscribers at a distance are solicited to send for their copies, and those who have not been regular in taking up the work are particularly requested to call, as the work is expensive and requires punctuality.

A handsome collection of *Paper Hangings* and *Bordering*, of select patterns, for sale as above. Also a quantity of choice *Chewing Tobacco*, of superior quality.

August 22—

MARSHAL's SALE.

WILL be exposed to public sale on the 23d day of September next, at Rhodes's tavern in Washington city, all the right, title, and interest of BENJAMIN PERKINS to lot No. 1, in square Seventy five in said city, together with a small frame workshop thereon; the above property is seized and sold to satisfy two writs of *fiera facias* issued out of the circuit court of the district of Columbia for the county of Washington, the one at the suit of Timothy Caldwell, and the other at the suit of Alexander Cochrane use of Hugh Smith, against said Perkins. The sale will commence at 11 o'clock, A. M. Terms cash.

WASHINGTON BOYD, Marshal D. C.

August 22—2awts

SALE AT AUCTION.

ON Tuesday the 23d of August at 10 o'clock A. M. the remainder of the the household furniture of Timothy Caldwell, who is about to remove to the state of Ohio, consisting of the following articles to wit: One elegant mahogany desk, and bookcase, one sideborad and bureau, washstands, and bedsteads, tables, chairs, and a variety of kitchen furniture.

S. SPEAKE, Auct.

NOTICE.

All persons having any demands against Timothy Caldwell will please to call with their accounts or demands duly authenticated for immediate payment; and those who are indebted to him are requested to make payment immediately or they will be dealt with as the law directs.

TIMOTHY CALDWELL.

N. B. The House lately occupied by T. Caldwell to be let. Enquire of Mr. William O'Neale.

Washington City, Aug. 18, 1808.

FOR RENT.

A THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE in F Street, near the Bank—For particulars enquire of WM. COCKING, the owner and occupier. Likewise,

A BRICK TWO STORY HOUSE, on 19th street west, between F and G streets north—for particulars enquire as above.

August 22—3t.